Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 93)

Form: Free

Example 581

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 256.5 - 257°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 193 - 194°C

Form: Free

Example 583

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 227 - 230°C

Structure

OCOCH<sub>3</sub>

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 199.5 - 202°C

Form: Free

Example 585

Structure

 $\mathbb{R}^1$ :  $\mathbb{Q}^{OCH_3}$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 219 - 220°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 190 - 191.5°C

Form: Free

Example 587

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 184 - 185°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 223 - 224°C

Form: Free

Example 589

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 178 - 181°C

Structure

$$\mathsf{OCH}_2\mathsf{CO}_2\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CH}_3$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ 1 \end{array}\right) \end{array}\right)$$

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 168 - 168.5°C

Form: Free

Example 591

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 94)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 95)

Form: Free

Example 593

Structure

OCH2CONH2

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \left( \begin{array}{c} W \\ P \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right) : \left( \begin{array}{c} \left( \begin{array}{c} W \\ P \end{array} \right) \end{array} \right)$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 196 - 197°C

Structure

re 
$$OCH_2CONH_2$$
 $R^1$  :

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

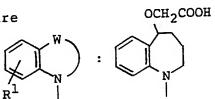
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 96)

Form: Free

Example 595

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

O CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/water

Melting Point: 188 - 189°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 97)

Form: Free

Example 597

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 98)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 203 - 204°C

Form: Free

Example 599

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 196 - 197°C

Structure

OCH2CON(CH3)2

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ N \end{array}\right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

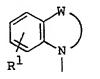
NMR analysis: 99)

Form: Free

Example 601

Structure

O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>



R<sup>2</sup>: Н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 100)

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 101)

Form: Free

Example 603

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous .

NMR analysis: 102)

Structure

re
$$O(CH_2)_3N$$

$$R^2: 1$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 103)

Form: Free

Example 605

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 104)

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 105)

Form: Free

Example 607

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 169 - 171°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{N(CH}_3)_2 \\
\\
\mathbb{R}^1
\end{array}$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 178 - 181°C

Form: Free

Example 609

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

$$R^3: 4-NHC$$

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 187 - 188°C

Form:

Free

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{2}^{N(CH_{3})_{2}} \\
\\
\mathbb{R}^{1} \\
\end{array}$$

к<sup>2</sup>: н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 181 - 183°C

Form: Free

Example 611

Structure

are 
$$CH_2N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 124 - 127°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 179 - 181°C

Form: Free

Example 613

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :  $N$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 148 - 150°C

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

 $R^2$ : H

$$R^3$$
: 4-CNH-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 106)

Form: Free

Example 615

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $\left\langle \begin{array}{c} O & C(CH_3)_3 \\ I & \\ \end{array} \right\rangle$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 219 - 220°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :  $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

$$R^3: 4-NHC$$

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 226 - 228°C

Form: Free

Example 617

Structure

re
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $\left\langle \begin{array}{c} O & C(CH_3)_3 \\ I & \\ \end{array} \right\rangle$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 107)

Structure

$$(CH_3)_2$$

 $R^2: 3-OCH_3$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 108)

Form: Free

Example 619

Structure

 $R^2: 3-OCH_3$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 109)

Structure

$$(CH_3)_2$$

$$R^2 : H$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous .

NMR analysis: 110)

Form: Free

Example 621

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R}^1 & \mathbb{R}^2 \colon \mathbb{H} \end{array}$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 111)

Structure

$$(CH_3)_2 \\ \mathbb{R}^1 \qquad \mathbb{R}^2 \colon \mathbb{H}$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 112)

Form: Free

Example 623

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1} \quad : \quad \mathbb{R}^{2} : \quad 3\text{-och}_{3}$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 113)

Structure

$$(CH_3)_2$$

$$R^2: 3-OCH_3$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 114)

Form: Free

Example 625

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 115)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 183 - 184°C

Form: Free

Example 627

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 219 - 220°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 240 - 241°C

Form: Free

Example 629

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :  $\mathbb{R}^S$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 205 - 206°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 238 - 239°C

Form: Free

Example 631

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 233 - 234°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 116)

Form: Free

Example 633

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 259.5 - 260.5°C

- 80)  $^{1}_{H-NMR(CDCl_{3})}$  6; 1.24-5.26 (18H, m), 6.39-7.59 (13H, m)
- 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.70-2.10 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.60 (m, 12H), 3.56 (t, J=5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.95 (m, 4H) 4.05-4.25 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85-7.50 (m, 9H), 8.11 (brs, 1H), 8.42 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H)
- 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 2.00-2.90 (m, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 3.70-3.90 (m, 1H), 4.00-4.20 (m, 1H), 4.80-5.00 (m, 1H), 6.89 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 1H), 6.95-7.65 (m, 11H), 7.70 (brs, 1H)
- 83)  $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$ ; 1.95-2.90 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 3.77 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.90-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.70 (m, 9H), 7.81 (brs, 1H)
- $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$  ; 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.20-2.40 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 3.80-4.10 (m, 1H), 4.12-4.25 (m, 1H), 6.03 (t, J=4.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80-7.65 (m, 12H), 7.80 (brs, 1H)
- 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.80-2.40 (m, 5H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.81 (s, 3H), 3.55-3.82 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.40 (m, 1H), 5.90-6.10 (m, 1H), 6.80-7.80 (m, 12H), 8.67 (brs, 1H)
- 86)  $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$  ; 1.95-2.35 (2H, m), 2.75-3.0 (2H, m), 3.0-5.4 (2H, m), 6.55-7.95 (11H, m), 8.09 (1H, s)

- 87)  $l_{H-NMR(DMSO-d_6)}$  6; 1.85-2.2 (2H, m), 2.7-2.95 (2H, m), 3.5-5.0 (2H, m), 6.8-7.8 (12H, m), 10.60 (1H, s)
- 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 0.8-1.1 (3H, m), 1.2-2.35 (6H, m), 2.35-5.25 (6H, m), 6.63 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 6.8-7.6 (9H, m), 7.67 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 7.9-8.15 (1H, m)
- 89) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.7-2.9 (7H, m), 4.5-6.5 (3H, m), 6.55-6.75 (1H, m), 6.85-7.6 (12H, m)
- 90) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.65-3.1 (7H, m), 4.7-6.6 (3H, m), 6.6-6.8 (1H, m), 6.85-7.65 (12H, m)
- 91)  $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$ ; 1.8-2.4 (2H, m), 2.86 (2H, t, J=6 Hz), 3.1-5.15 (2H, m), 6.85-7.5 (8H, m), 7.5-7.85 (3H, m), 8.19 (1H, s)
- 92) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.46-2.28 (4H, m), 2.37 (3H, s), 2.58-2.90 (1H, m), 4.57-5.10 (2H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.91-7.52 (11H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 8.10-8.40 (1H, m)
- 93) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.45-1.91 (2H, m), 1.91-2.65 (2H, m), 2.65-2.90 (1H, m), 4.63-5.22 (2H, m), 6.63 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 7.34-8.03 (11H, m), 10.16-10.44 (1H, m)
- 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.08-1.47 (3H, m), 1.50-1.97 (2H, m), 1.97-2.48 (2H, m), 2.65-3.02 (1H, m), 4.00-4.43 (4H, m), 4.52-5.15 (2H, m), 6.50-6.79 (1H, m), 6.90-7.70 (10H, m), 8.26-8.60 (1H, m)

- 1<sub>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.52-1.90 (2H, m), 1.90-2.54 (2H, m), 2.67-3.05 (1H, m), 3.74-4.32 (2H, m), 4.38-5.17 (2H, m), 5.52-5.98 (1H, brs), 6.20-6.48 (1H, brs), 6.55-6.84 (1H, m), 6.89-7.55 (9H, m), 7.55-7.77 (1H, m), 8.15-8.86 (1H, brs)</sub>
- 97) l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ; 1.26-2.49 (4H, m), 2.57-2.93 (1H, m), 4.07-4.43 (2H, m), 4.44-4.98 (2H, m), 6.62-6.87 (1H, m), 6.92-7.80 (11H, m), 10.57 (1H, s), 12.74 (1H, s)
- 98) l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.52-1.89 (2H, m), 1.89-2.56 (2H, m), 2.65-3.02 (1H, m), 3.90-4.40 (2H, m), 4.40-5.07 (2H, m), 6.58-6.78 (1H, m), 6.90-7.70 (10H, m), 8.57-8.81 (1H, brs)
- 99) l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.49-1.89 (2H, m), 1.89-2.60 (2H, m), 2.63-3.23 (7H, m), 4.04-4.49 (2H, m), 4.52-5.21 (2H, m), 6.52-6.80 (1H, m), 6.89-7.84 (10H, m), 8.08-8.52 (1H, m)
- 100) 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.41-1.86 (6H, m), 1.86-2.53 (4H, m), 2.25 (3H, s), 2.29 (3H, s), 2.43 (3H, s), 2.60-2.97 (1H, m), 3.36-3.77 (2H, m), 4.40-5.10 (2H, m), 6.54-6.72 (1H, m), 6.88-7.67 (11H, m), 8.27-8.58

(1H, m)

- 102) 1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.49-2.04 (6H, m), 2.10-3.02 (5H, m), 2.47 (6H, s), 3.40-3.88 (2H, m), 4.30-5.17 (2H, m), 6.59-6.78 (1H, m), 6.93-7.76 (10H, m), 8.75-9.40 (1H, m)
- lo4) l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; l.42-2.32 (6H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.57-2.97 (lH, m), 3.12-3.83 (4H, m), 4.39-5.13 (2H, m), 6.50-6.71 (lH, m), 6.90-7.73 (l2H, m)
- 106)  ${}^{1}_{H-NMR(CDCl_{3})}$   $\delta$ ; 1.20-2.53 (13H, m), 2.63-2.82, 3.00-3.13, 3.50-3.67, 4.05-4.23 (total 3H, m), 6.55 8.00 (13H, m)
- 107)  $l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$  6; 1.41 (9H, s), 1.20-2.55 (10H, m), 3.42-4.20 (5.8H, m), 5.00-5.20 (0.2H, m), 6.60-7.67 (10H, m), 7.99 (1H, brs), 8.26 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz)

- 108) l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.2-3.0 (10H, m), 3.0-5.2 (6H, m), 6.5-7.7 (8H, m), 8.22 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 8.36 (1H, s)
- 109)  $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$  ; 1.2-3.0 (10H, m), 3.0-5.2(6H, m), 6.3-7.7 (10H, m)
- l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.5-1.7 (lH, m), 2.2-2.7 (2H, m), 2.40 (6H, s), 2.7-3.0 (3H, m), 5.1-5.3 (lH, m), 6.67 (lH, d, J=7.7 Hz), 6.9-7.5 (lOH, m), 7.69 (lH, d, J=6 Hz), 8.06 (lH, s)

- 113)

  1<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.5-1.8 (1H, m), 2.1-2.7 (2H, m),
  2.41 (6H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.7-3.0 (3H, m), 3.68
  (3H, s), 5.2-5.4 (1H, m), 6.6-6.8 (2H, m), 6.9-7.5
  (8H, m), 8.09 (1H, s), 8.26 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz)
- l<sub>H-NMR</sub>(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.5-1.7 (lH, m), 2.1-2.3 (lH, m),
  2.41 (6H, s), 2.4-2.6 (lH, m), 2.8-3.0 (3H, m),
  3.71 (3H, s), 5.2-5.4 (lH, m), 6.6-6.8 (2H, m),
  6.9-7.5 (7H, m), 7.7-7.8 (lH, m), 8.27 (lH, d,
  J=8.4 Hz), 8.57 (lH, s)

- l<sub>H</sub>-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.5-1.7 (lH, m), 2.1-2.7 (2H, m), 2.41 (6H, s), 2.7-3.0 (3H, m), 3.71 (3H, s), 5.2-5.4 (lH, m), 6.6-7.6 (8H, m), 7.70 (lH, d, J=8.3 Hz), 8.24 (lH, d, J=8.5 Hz), 8.59 (lH, s)

To a mixture of 5-oxo-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (4 g) and pyridine (50 ml) is added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.84 g) and the mixture is refluxed for 2.5 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and water is added to the resulting residue. The precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, and recrystallized from dioxane/water to give 5-hydroxyimino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (2 g) as white powder, m.p. 272 - 273°C.

### Example 635

5-Chloro-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.8 g) is dissolved in dimethylformamide and thereto is added sodium azide (0.18 g) at room temperature. The mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight, and further reacted with heating at 50°C for 5 hours. Water is added to the reaction mixture and the precipitated crystal is collected by filtration to give 5-azido-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-

tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.68 g) as light brown powder.

 $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$   $\delta$  ; 1.65-3.1 (8H, m), 4.7-6.6 (3H, m), 6.6-6.8 (1H, m), 6.85-7.65 (12H, m)

# Example 636

5-Azido-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.63 g) is dissolved in ethanol and thereto is added 10 % Pd-C (0.1 g). The mixture is subjected to catalytic hydrogenation at room temperature under 1 atm. of hydrogen. Pd-C is removed by filtration and the filtrate is evaporated. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:1), and recrystallized from diethyl ether to give 5-amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.34 g) as white powder, m.p. 198.5 - 199.5°C.

# Example 637

To 5-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.58 g) are added acetic
anhydride (8.0 ml) and pyridine (2.0 ml). The mixture is
stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Water is added to
the reaction mixture and the precipitated crystal is
collected by filtration, and recrystallized from ethyl
acetate/n-hexane to give 5-acetyloxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.56 g) as
white powder, m.p. 193 - 194°C.

# Example 638

5-Ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1.00 g) is dissolved in methanol (35 ml) and thereto are added aqueous ammonia (20 ml) and ammonium chloride (0.50 g). The mixture is heated at 100°C for 3.5 hours in a sealed tube. After cooling, the reaction solution is concentrated under reduced pressure and acidified with hydrochloric acid, and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract is dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent is distilled off. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 15:1) to give 5-carbamoylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.68 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.56-2.67 (4H, m), 2.46 (3H, s), 2.67-3.03 (1H, m), 3.82-4.32 (2H, m), 4.45-5.15 (2H, m), 5.43-5.83 (1H, m), 6.20-6.45 (1H, m), 6.50-6.86 (2H, m), 6.86-7.70 (10H, m), 7.76-8.10 (1H, m)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 593 and 594 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 638.

### Example 639

5-Ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.94 g) is dissolved in ethanol (100 ml) and thereto is added 5N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (0.50 ml). The mixture is

stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated under reduced pressure and to the resulting residue is added diluted hydrochloric acid and then extracted with dichloromethane. The extract is dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent is distilled off. The resulting residue is washed with n-hexane and collected by filtration to give 5-carboxymethoxy-l-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.79 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$  & ; 1.52-1.89 (2H, m), 1.89-2.56 (2H, m), 2.65-3.02 (1H, m), 3.90-4.40 (2H, m), 4.40-5.07 (2H, m), 6.58-6.78 (1H, m), 6.90-7.70 (10H, m), 8.57-8.81 (1H, brs)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 595 and 596 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 639.

#### Example 640

5-Carboxymethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.55 g) is dissolved in dimethylformamide (20 ml) and thereto are added dimethylamine hydrochloride (0.20 g) and diethyl chloro-phosphate (0.33 g). To the mixture is added triethylamine (1.0 ml) under ice-cooling, and the mixture is stirred under ice-cooling for 30 minutes, and at room temperature for more 2 hours. Water is added to the reaction solution and the precipitated crystal is collected by filtration and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-

dimethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.50 g) as colorless prisms, m.p. 203 - 204°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 599 and 600 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 640.

### Example 641

5-[3-(Phthalimid-1-yl)propoxy]-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.26 g) is dissolved in ethanol (100 ml) and thereto is added hydrazine hydrate (1.0 ml). The mixture is refluxed with stirring for 1 hour. The reaction solution is evaporated under reduced pressure and to the resulting residue is added dichloromethane. The insoluble materials are removed by filtration. The filtrate is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol: aqueous ammonia = 70:10:1) to give 5-(3-aminopropoxy)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.70 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}(\text{CDCl}_{3})$  5 ; 1.42-2.32 (6H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.57-2.97 (1H, m), 3.12-3.83 (4H, m), 4.39-5.13 (2H, m), 6.50-6.71 (1H, m), 6.90-7.73 (12H, m)

### Example 642

A solution of 5-dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-

benzazepine (0.50 g) in dichloromethane (30 ml) is added dropwise to a solution of 1M boron tribromide in dichloromethane (5.46 ml) at -45°C. After completion of the dropping, the mixture is stirred for 1 day while the temperature of the reaction mixture is gradually raised to room temperature. To the reaction solution is added water and the mixture is neutralized with sodium hydrogen carbonate, and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; chloroform : methanol = 500 : 1), and recrystallized from methanol/diethyl ether to give 5dimethylamino-1-[3-hydroxy-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.33 g) as white powder, m.p. 201.5 - 202.5°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 10, 32, 343, 356, 535, 555 and 556 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 642.

# Example 643

To a solution of 4-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzazepine (0.5 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) is added m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.58 g) under ice-cooling, and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The above reaction solution is poured into an aqueous solution of sodium carbonate (0.6 g) in water (10 ml) and the mixture is extracted with dichloro-

methane. The extract is washed with water, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off under reduced pressure and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 100: 1), and recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane to give 4-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzothiazine-1,1-dioxide (0.49g) as white powder, m.p. 219 - 220°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 630 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 643.

#### Example 644

To a suspension of 4-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzothiazine (0.5 g) in methanol (15 ml) is added an aqueous solution of sodium metaperiodate (0.28 g) in water (2.5 ml) and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 72 hours. Water is added to the reaction solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract is dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent is distilled off under reduced pressure. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 100: 1), and recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether to give 4-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-3,4-dihydro-2H-1,4-benzothiazin-l-oxide (0.34 g) as white powder, m.p. 240 - 241°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 631 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 644.

## Example 645

5-Hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (3.57 g) is dissolved in dichloromethane (30 ml) and pyridine (1.1 ml), and thereto is added dropwise methanesulfonyl chloride (0.9 ml) in small portions at 0°C. Then, the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 3 days. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is poured into ice-water. The precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried to give 5-chloro-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (3.10 g) as light yellow powder.

 $l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$  & ; 1.7-2.9 (8H, m), 4.5-6.5 (3H, m), 6.55-6.75 (1H, m), 6.85-7.6 (12H, m)

## Example 646

5-Hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (2.69 g) is dissolved in dimethylformamide (30 ml) and thereto are added 60 % sodium hydride dispersion in mineral oil (0.44 g) and ethyl bromoacetate (1.00 ml) under ice-cooling, and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction solution is poured into an aqueous ammonium chloride solution under ice-cooling, and extracted with ethyl

acetate. The extract is dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent is distilled off. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 1:2), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (2.10 g) as white powder, m.p. 178 - 181°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 585 - 588 and 590 - 606 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 646.

#### Example 647

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 546 and 578 - 581 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 384.

#### Example 648

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 537 - 545, 547, 549 - 556, 561 - 564, 566, 568 - 571, 577, 601 - 603 and 607 - 625 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 388.

#### Example 649

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 549, 568 - 571, 575 and 606 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 389.

#### Example 650

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 537 - 545, 547, 549 - 556,

561 - 566, 568 - 571, 575, 577, 607, 608 and 613 - 625 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 390.

### Example 651

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 601 - 603, 605 and 606 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 397.

#### Example 652

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 604 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 398.

## Example 653

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compound is obtained in the same manner as in Examples 1, 382, 388 and 390.

5-Methylamino-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 184.5 - 185.5°C (recrystallized from ethanol)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 4 are obtained in the same manner as in Examples 1 and 382.

## Table 4

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^3$ 

Example 654

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
:  $\mathbb{N}^{(CH_3)_2}$ 

 $R^2$ : 2-OH

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 193.5 - 196°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

 $R^2$ : 2-OH

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 195 - 198°C

Form: Free

Example 656

Structure

 $R^2: 2-OC_2H_5$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol

Melting Point: 230.5 - 231.5°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 223 - 224.5°C

Form: Free

Example 658

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :

 $R^2$ : 2-OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 173 - 174°C

Structure

re
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$ 
 $N$ 

 $R^2: 3-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 174 - 175°C

Form: Free

Example 660

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 198 - 200°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 149 - 150.5°C

Form: Free

Example 662

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 183 - 185°C

Structure

re
$$\begin{array}{c}
N(CH_3)_2 \\
N \\
R^1 \\
\end{array}$$

 $R^2: 2-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 203 - 207°C

Form: Free

Example 664

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :

 $R^2: 2-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 221 - 222°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-F

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 189 - 191°C

Form: Free

Example 666

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

$$R^1 \qquad \qquad N$$

 $R^2$ : 2-F

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 215.5 - 217°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :  $N$ 

 $R^2: 2-F$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 192 - 194°C

Form: Free

Example 668

Structure

 $R^2: 3-F$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 195 - 196°℃

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-F

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 202 - 204.5°C

Form: Free

Example 670

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 183 - 187°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
  $R^1$   $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

 $\mathbb{R}^{3} \colon 4-\mathbb{N}^{1} \times \mathbb{R}^{3} \to \mathbb{R}^{3} \times \mathbb{R}^{3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 120 - 122°C

Form: Free

Example 672

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} & \text{N(CH}_3)_2 \\
\\
\downarrow \\
R^1 & \downarrow \\
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

O OCH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 208 - 210°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 182 - 183°C

Form: Free

Example 674

Structure

re 
$$\stackrel{\text{OH}}{\underset{\mathbb{R}^1}{\bigvee}}$$
 :

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 257 - 259°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 134 - 135°C

Form: Free

Example 676

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 167 - 169°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Light brown prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 170 - 172°C

Form: Free

Example 678

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

0 C1 R<sup>2</sup>: 3-0C

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 181.5 - 182.5°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 176.5 - 177°C

Form: Free

Example 680

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :

NHCH2CH=CH2

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 117)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 118)

Form: Free

Example 682

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 236 - 239°C

Structure

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 153 - 154°C

Form: Free

Example 684

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 128 - 130°C

Structure

are 
$$N - COCH_3$$
  $R^2$ :

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 231 - 234°C

Form: Free

Example 686

Structure

0 C1 R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC-

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 246 - 248°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

0 Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/water

Melting Point: 248 - 248.5°C

Form: Free

Example 688

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: E

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 204 - 205°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{I} \\
\mathbb{I} \\
\mathbb{S} = 0
\end{array}$$

$$\mathbb{I} \\
\mathbb{S} = 0$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: >300°C

NMR analysis: 119)

Form: Free

Example 690

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
:

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 292 - 294°C

Form: Free

۵

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 120)

Form: Free

Example 692

Structure

 $R^2: 2-N(CH_3)_2$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 121)

- 525 -

Example 693

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous . .

NMR analysis: 122)

Form: Free

Example 694

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 123)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $\times$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 198.5 - 199°C

Form: Free

Example 696

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$  :

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 168 - 170°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 175 - 176°C

Form: Free

Example 698

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 177 - 178°C

OH

Example 699

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 222 - 223.5°C

Form: Free

Example 700

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
  $\mathbb{R}$   $\mathbb{R}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 243 - 244°C

PCT/JP90/01340

Example 701

Structure

re
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$ 
 $N$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

- 529 <del>-</del>

Melting Point: 180 - 181°C

Form: Free

Example 702

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 124)

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :  $N$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 231 - 233°C

Form: Free

Example 704

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$  :  $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $F$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 196 - 198°C

Structure

are 
$$\frac{NHCH_3}{R^1}$$
:

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 125)

Form: Free

Example 706

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 126)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{N(CH}_3)_2 \\
\\
\mathbb{R}^1 \\
\end{array}$$

к<sup>2</sup>: н

O || R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCCH<sub>2</sub>Cl

Crystalline form: Yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 146 - 147°C

Form: Free

Example 708

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N(CH}_3)_2 \\
\text{R}^1 \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 127)

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ \\ R^1 \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

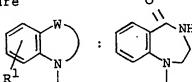
Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 220 - 221°C

Form: Free

Example 710

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 170 - 172°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{re} \\ \text{N} \\ \text$$

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 128)

Form: Free

Example 712

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$

$$R^1 \qquad \qquad N$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 224 - 225°C

Structure

re 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
  $R^1$   $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 193 - 196°C

Form: Free

Example 714

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 212 - 214°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 211 - 213°C

Form: Free

Example 716

Structure

are 
$$N(CH_3)_2$$
 $R^1$   $N$ 

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 213 - 215°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 199 - 201°C

Form: Free

Example 718

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 238 - 240°C

Structure

N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

$$\left( \left( \right) \right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

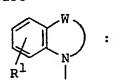
Melting Point: 188 - 189°C

Form: Free

Example 720

Structure

NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>



R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Dioxane/water

Melting Point: 135.5 - 137°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Isopropyl alcohol/

petroleum ether

Melting Point: 192 - 193°C

Form: Free

Example 722

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$  :

N CH<sub>2</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: E

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 239 - 240°C

 $R^2$ : H

Example 723

Structure

- 540 -

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 129)

Form: Free

Example 724

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 130)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

N~OH

Melting Point: 193 - 194°C

Form: Free

Example 726

Structure

$$\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{R}^1}$$
  $\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{N}}$   $\mathbb{Z}_{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Light yellow prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 245.5 - 247°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 142 - 144°C

Form: Free

Example 728

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Light yellow prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 214 - 217°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 205 - 207°C

Form: Free

Example 730

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{OH} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$
:

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 201 - 203°C

Structure

re 
$$(CH_3)_2$$
 OH  $R^1$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

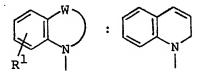
Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 180 - 182°C

Form: Free

Example 732

Structure



**R**<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Light yellow scales

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 178 - 180°C

Form: Free

\_

NHCH<sub>3</sub>

Example 733

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 208 - 213°C

Form: Free

Example 734

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{N} \\
\text{CH}_{3})_{2} \\
\text{OH}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: E

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 175 - 177°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :

 $R^2$ : H

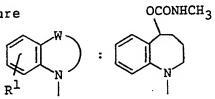
Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 131)

Form: Free

Example 736

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 277 - 279°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 132)

Form: Free

Example 738

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 133)

- 548 -

Example 739

Structure

re 
$$OCON(CH_3)_2$$

$$R^1 \qquad \qquad N$$

к<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 134)

Form: Free

Example 740

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

OCH2CONHCH3

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 135)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1} \quad : \quad \mathbb{R}^{3}$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 213 - 214°C

Form: Free

Example 742

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1} \quad \mathbb{N} \quad : \quad \mathbb{N}^{2}$$

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 216 - 217°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 165 - 167°C

Form: Free

Example 744

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 202 - 206°C

Structure

 $R^2: 2-C1$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

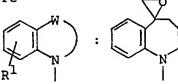
Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 220 - 221.5°C

Form: Free

Example 746

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 186 - 186.5°C

Structure

$$\bigcap_{\mathbb{R}^1} \bigcap_{\mathbb{N}} \mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}} : \bigcap_{\mathbb{N}} \mathbb{N}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

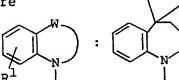
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 136)

Form: Free

Example 748

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

CH<sub>2</sub>OH

Melting Point: 136 - 140°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 151 - 153°C

Form: Free

Example 750

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_2\text{OCOCH}_3\\
\\
\mathbb{R}^1 & | \\
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 155 - 156°C

Structure

re 
$$CH_2OSO_2CH_3$$
 $R^1$  :

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 189 - 190°C

Form: Free

Example 752

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 188 - 190°C

Structure

re 
$$CH_2NH_2$$
  $R^1$   $R^1$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 233 - 235°C

Form: Free

Example 754

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 137)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 176 - 179°C

Form: Free

Example 756

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 183 - 185°C

- li7) lin-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; l.3-2.3 (4H, m), 3.1-3.4 (3H, m), 3.8-4.6 (2H, m), 5.0-5.3 (2H, m), 5.8-6.1 (lH, m), 6.8-8.5 (llH, m)
- l18)  $^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.6-2.2 (4H, m), 2.46, 2.53 (3H, each s), 3.1-3.5 (3H, m), 3.8-4.6 (2H, m), 5.0-5.3 (2H, m), 5.8-6.1 (1H, m), 6.8-8.0 (11H, m)
- - 120) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.25-5.05 (22H, m), 6.65-7.65 (11H, m), 7.75-8.25 (1H, m)
  - 121) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.15-5.05 (19H, m), 6.75-7.85 (11H, m), 7.85-8.25 (1H, m)
  - 122)  $^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.25-2.85 (8H, m), 2.95 4.95 (2H, m), 6.75-7.85 (10H, m), 9.25-9.75 (1H, m)
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 0.20-0.70 (4H, m), 0.95-2.35 (6H, m), 2.65-5.00 (2H, m), 6.75-7.90 (10H, m), 8.65-9.25 (1H, m)
  - <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.20-3.15 (11H, m), 3.45-3.70 (1H, m), 4.05-5.20 (1H, m), 6.60-7.65 (10H, m), 8.15-8.45 (2H, m)
  - 125) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.19 (3H, t, J=7 Hz), 1.25-3.25 (8H, m), 3.46 (2H, q, J=7 Hz), 3.40-4.10 (3H, m), 4.45-5.10 (1H, m), 6.65-7.75 (12H, m), 8.30-8.60 (1H, m)

126)	$l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$ 6; 1.10-1.30 (3H, m), 1.50-2.35 (4H,	
	m), 2.65-3.05 (2H, m), 3.35-3.60 (2H, m), 3.80-4.05	
	(2H, m), 4.65-5.15 (2H, m), 6.55-7.85 (12H, m),	8
	8.35-8.65 (lH, m)	_
127)	$l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$ & ; 1.20 (3H, t, J=7 Hz), 1.10-3.15	ř
	(11H, m), 3.45-3.65 (3H, m), 3.88 (2H, s), 3.95-	
	5.15 (1H, m), 6.55-7.65 (13H, m), 8.37 (1H, s)	
128)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}(CDCl_{3})$ 6; 2.45 (3H, s), 3.40 (3H, s), 4.01	
	(2H, m), 4.38 (2H, m), 7.20-7.77 (13H, m)	
129)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}(CDCl_{3})$ & ; 1.35-4.55 (22H, m), 6.3-7.8 (13H,	
	m)	
130)	$l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$ $\delta$ ; 1.10 (6H, t, J=7 Hz), 1.35-5.1	
	(23H, m), 6.55-7.8 (13H, m)	
131)	$1_{H-NMR}(CDC1_3)$ & ; 1.94-3.21 (3H, m), 3.30-4.82 (3H,	
	m), 6.57 (lH, d, J=7.5 Hz), 6.86-8.10 (llH, m),	
	8.72 (1H, brs)	
132)	$l_{H-NMR}(DMSO-d_6)$ 6; 1.57-1.85 (2H, m), 1.85-2.28	
	(2H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.64-2.86 (1H, m), 4.53-5.07	
	(1H, m), 5.79-5.94 $(1H, m)$ , 6.47-7.68 $(2H, br)$ ,	
	6.64-6.77 (lH, m), 6.96-7.62 (l2H, m)	
133)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}(CDCl_{3})$ & ; 1.61-1.97 (2H, m), 2.00-2.54 (2H,	
	m), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.60-3.23 (7H, m), 4.76-5.22 (1H,	
	m), 5.94-6.19 (1H, m), 6.61-6.74 (1H, m), 6.91-7.62	
	(12H, m)	
134)	$l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$ & ; 1.68-1.97 (2H, m), 2.03-2.53 (2H,	

m), 2.61-3.24 (7H, m), 4.76-5.22 (1H, m), 5.97-6.17

- (1H, m), 6.59-6.74 (1H, m), 6.92-7.13 (1H, m), 7.13-7.58 (9H, m), 7.66-7.85 (1H, m), 7.85-8.00 (1H, m)
- 135) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.57-1.93 (2H, m), 1.93-2.54 (2H, m), 2.54-2.72 (1H, m), 2.79-3.09 (3H, m), 3.90-4.32 (2H, m), 4.49-5.18 (2H, m), 6.31-6.93 (2H, m), 6.96-7.63 (10H, m), 7.63-7.89 (1H, m), 7.89-8.16 (1H, m)
- 136) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.44-1.95 (2H, m), 1.95-2.28 (2H, m), 2.40-2.67 (3H, m), 2.73-3.38 (3H, m), 3.40-3.97 (1H, m), 4.50-5.20 (1H, m), 6.67-8.11 (11H, m)

A mixture of 5-dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (10 g), methyl iodide (1.7 ml) and chloroform (10 ml) is heated with stirring at 100°C for 3 hours in an autoclave. After completion of the reaction, the solvent is distilled off under reduced pressure and the resulting residue is dissolved in methanol. The mixture is treated with IRA-400 (trade mark; Organo Co., Ltd., OH type). Methanol is

distilled off and the resulting residue is suspended in t-butyl alcohol (90 ml), and thereto is added potassium t-butoxide (2.3 g). The mixture is refluxed for 5 hours. The solvent is distilled off under reduced pressure, and the resulting residue is dissolved in dichloromethane. The mixture is washed successively with water and saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and to the resulting residue is added dichloromethane/diethyl ether. The precipitated crude crystal is recrystallized from ethanol to give 1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzazepine (5.15 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 205 - 207°C.

# Example 758

1-[4-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3-dihydro-lH-benzazepine (4.7 g) is dissolved in dichloromethane (50 ml) and thereto is added 80 % m-chloroperbenzoic acid (3 g). The mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. The dichloromethane layer is washed successively with saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and saturated saline solution, and the solvent is distilled off under reduced pressure. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:1) to give 4,5-epoxy-l-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (4.26 g) as white powder.

 $l_{H-NMR(CDCl_3)}$  6; 1.94-3.21 (3H, m), 3.30-4.82 (3H,

m), 6.57 (lH, d, J=7.5 Hz), 6.86-8.10 (llH, m), 8.72 (lH, brs)

## Example 759

A mixture of 4,5-epoxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.5 g), dimethylamine hydrochloride (2.6 g), triethylamine (4.5 g) and methanol (15 ml) is refluxed for 19 hours. After completion of the reaction, the solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is dissolved in dichloromethane. The mixture is washed successively with water and saturated saline solution. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:

1), and recrystallized from ethanol/diethyl ether to give trans-5-dimethylamino-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.38 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 180 - 182°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 733 and 734 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 759.

#### Example 760

Methyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (4.30 g) is suspended in tetrahydrofuran (100 ml) and thereto is added potassium t-butoxide (1.58 g) under ice-cooling. The mixture is stirred at -5°C for 1 hour and thereto is added 5-oxo-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-

tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.60 g) and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution is poured into ice-water (200 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 1:2), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-methylidene-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.34 g) as white powder, m.p. 216 - 217°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 743 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 760.

### Example 761

5-Methylidene-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (2.84 g) is suspended in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) and thereto is added 1 M solution of boran-tetrahydrofuran complex in tetrahydrofuran (43 ml). The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution is cooled with ice, and thereto is added water (70 ml). After termination of the evolution of hydrogen gas, to the reaction solution are added 25 % aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (7.0 ml), and subsequently 31 % aqueous hydrogen peroxide solution (4.7 ml), and the mixture is heated with

stirring at 50°C for 1 hour. After cooling, to the reaction solution is added saturated saline solution and the tetrahydrofuran layer is collected, washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-hydroxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.96 g) as white powder, m.p. 202-206°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 745 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 761.

#### Example 762

5-Methylidene-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.81 g) is dissolved in dichloromethane (30 ml) and thereto is added m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.57 g). The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 15 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution is washed successively with aqueous sodium hydrogensulfite solution, aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified with silica gel column chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 2:3) to give 5,5-epoxy-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.70 g) as

colorless amorphous.

 $l_{H-NMR}(CDCl_3)$  & ; 1.44-1.95 (2H, m), 1.95-2.28 (2H, m), 2.40-2.67 (3H, m), 2.73-3.38 (3H, m), 3.40-3.97 (1H, m), 4.50-5.20 (1H, m), 6.67-8.11 (11H, m)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 746 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 762.

# Example 763

To 5-methylidene-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.60 g) are added successively t-butyl alcohol (6.0 ml), water (1.2 ml), pyridine (0.3 ml), osmium tetroxide (1.2 mg) and trimethylamine N-oxide dihydrate (0.22 g), and the mixture is refluxed with stirring for 2.5 hours. After cooling, to the reaction solution is added 20 % aqueous sodium hydrogensulfite solution (10 ml), and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hour. The reaction solution is extracted with a mixture of ethyl acetate/tetrahydrofuran (1:1). The extract is washed successively with diluted hydrochloric acid and saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate/ n-hexane to give 5-hydroxymethyl-5-hydroxy-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.55 g) as white powder, m.p. 136 - 140°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound

of the above Example 749 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 763.

## Example 764

To 5-hydroxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.40 g) are added acetic anhydride (4.0 ml) and pyridine (0.5 ml), and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 5 hours.

After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution is poured into ice-water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract is washed successively with diluted hydrochloric acid and saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-acetyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.43 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 155 - 156°C.

### Example 765

5-Hydroxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.70 g) is dissolved in a mixture (30 ml) of dichloromethane/acetonitrile (1:1) and thereto are added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.8 ml) and pyridine (1.0 ml), and the mixture is refluxed with stirring for 2 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution is evaporated under reduced pressure and to the resulting residue is added water and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract is washed successively with

diluted hydrochloric acid and saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-methanesulfonyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.72 g) as white powder, m.p. 189 - 190°C.

### Example 766

WO 91/05549

5-Methanesulfonyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.49 g) is dissolved in a mixture (25 ml) of acetonitrile/dimethyl-formamide (4:1) and thereto is added sodium azide (0.11 g). The mixture is refluxed with stirring for 3.5 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution is poured into ice-water (40 ml), extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 1 : 2), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-azidomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoly]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.29 g) as white powder, m.p. 188-189°C.

#### Example 767

5-Azidomethyl-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.27 g) is suspended in ethanol (50 ml) and the mixture is subjected to catalytic hydrogenation at room temperature under 3 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> for 6 hours by using 10 % Pd-C (27 mg). The catalyst is removed by filtration with celite and the filtrate is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethanol to give 5-aminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.12 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 233 - 235°C.

#### Example 768

To 5,5-epoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.30 g) is added 30 %
solution of methylamine in methanol (30 ml), and the mixture
is refluxed for 14 hours. After compeltion of the reaction,
the reaction solution is evaporated under reduced pressure
and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column
chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 1:1 +
dichloromethane: methanol: aqueous ammonia = 60:10:1)
to give 5-hydroxymethyl-5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino]benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (A; 35.3
mg) and 5-methylaminomethyl-5-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (B; 109
mg).

### (A); Colorless amorphous

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.50-2.10 (3H, m), 2.10-2.28 (1H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.68-2.97 (1H, m), 3.26-3.47 (1H, m), 4.16 (1H, d, J=13.8 Hz), 4.25 (1H, d, J=13.8 Hz), 5.95 (1H, brs), 6.60-6.76 (1H, m), 6.97-7.52 (8H, m), 7.52-

7.73 (2H, m), 7.73-7.97 (2H, m)

(B); White powder (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/ n-hexane)

m.p. 176 - 179°C

### Example 769

5-Methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1 g) is dissolved in dimethylformamide (10 ml) and thereto are added potassium carbonate (0.5 g) and ethyl iodide (0.45 g). The mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution is poured into ice-water and the precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, and purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 90:1), and recrystallized from diisopropyl alcohol/petroleum ether to give 5-(N-methyl-N-ethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (50 mg) as white powder, m. p. 192 - 193°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 244, 246 - 248, 330, 339, 342, 346, 350, 366, 375, 376, 406 - 418, 453, 455, 457, 460, 464, 467, 506, 507, 537 - 545, 547, 549 - 556, 561 - 566, 568 - 571, 577, 601 - 603, 607 - 625, 654 - 672, 675, 677 - 681, 691 - 695, 697, 698, 701 - 705, 707, 708, 712, 713, 715, 716, 719, 720 and 722 - 725 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 769.

To a suspension of 5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (3 g) in methanol (30 ml) are added potassium carbonate (1.5 g) and epichlorohydrine (5.7 ml), and the mixture is refluxed for 3 hours. The solvent is distilled off and to the resulting residue is added water and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 80:1) to give 5-(N-methyl-N-oxiranylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (C; 1.92 g) and 5-[N-methyl-N-(2-hydroxy-3-methoxypropyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (D; 0.38 g).

m.p. 239 - 240°C

(D); Colorless amorphous  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}(\text{CDCl}_{3})$  6 ; 1.35-4.55 (22H, m), 6.3-7.8 (13H, m)

#### Example 771

5-[N-Methyl-N-oxiranylmethylamino)-l-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.5 g) is dissolved in methanol (10 ml) and thereto is added

- 570 -

diethylamine (0.13 ml). The mixture is refluxed for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 30 : 1 + dichloromethane : methanol : aqueous ammonia = 9:1:0.1 ) to give 5-[N-methyl-N-(2-hydroxy-3diethylaminopropyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.38 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR(CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.10 (6H, t, J=7 Hz), 1.35-5.1 (23H, m), 6.55-7.8 (13H, m)

#### Example 772

A solution of 5-hydroxyimino-l-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoy1]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1.06 g) in acetic anhydride (10 ml) and pyridine (10 ml) is stirred at room temperature overnight. After completion of the reaction, the reaction solution is concentrated. To the resulting residue is added water and the mixture is extracted with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 80 : 1), and recrystallized from ethanol/petroleum ether to give 5acetyloxyimino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.75 g) as colorless prisms, m.p.

142 - 144°C.

#### Example 773

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 671 and 672 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 380.

## Example 774

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 674, 699, 700, 706, 718 and 730 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 384.

# Example 775

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 654 - 672, 675, 677 - 687, 691 - 695, 697, 698, 701 - 705, 707, 708, 712, 713, 715, 716 and 719 - 725 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 390.

### Example 776

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 654 - 672, 675, 677 - 679, 691 - 693, 698, 701 - 705, 707, 708, 712, 713, 715, 716 and 719 - 725 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 388.

#### Example 777

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the above Examples 705, 706 and 708 are obtained in the same manner as in Example 394.

#### Example 778

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound

2

of the above Example 671 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 397.

### Example 779

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 672 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 402.

# Example 780

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 726 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 634.

## Example 781

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 740 is obtained in the same manner as in Examples 638 and 640.

## Example 782

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 689 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 643.

## Example 783

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of the above Example 690 is obtained in the same manner as in Example 644.

### Example 784

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compound is obtained in the same manner as in Examples 1, 382, 388 and 390.

5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine hydrochloride, colorless needles (recrystallized from ethanol/water), m.p. 233 - 237°C

## Reference Example 13

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 1.

5-(2-Chloroacetyloxy)-1-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 156 - 159°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

5-(2-Dimethylaminoacetyloxy)-l-(4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 108 109°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

5-Oxo-7-chloro-1-(4-nitrobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 157.5 - 159.5°C (recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane)

5-Oxo-8-chloro-1-(4-nitrobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 151.5 - 153.5°C (recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane)

# Reference Example 14

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 2.

5-(2-Dimethylaminoacetyloxy)-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, colorless amorphous

Reference Example 15

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 1.

(recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane)

5-Dimethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-1-(4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 129 131°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

6-0xo-l-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-l,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, yellow needles

lH-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.65-2.3 (4H, m), 2.5-5.2 (4H,
m), 6.7-6.9 (lH, m), 7.27-7.5 (4H, m), 7.90-8.15 (3H, m)
6-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 198 - 202°C
(recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

Reference Example 16

Using the suitable starting materials, the

following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 2.

6-Oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.7-2.2 (4H, m), 2.5-5.2 (6H, m), 6.42 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.75-6.9 (1H, m), 7.05-7.4 (4H, m), 7.95-8.1 (1H, m)

6-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 166 - 169°C (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

9-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow powder, m.p. 192.5 - 195°C (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

#### Reference Example 17

5-Dimethylamino-1-(2-methyl-4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (86.0 g) is dissolved in ethanol (800 ml), and thereto is added platinum oxide (10 g). The mixture is subjected to hydrogenation at ordinary temperature under atmospheric pressure of hydrogen for 4 hours. The catalyst is removed by filtration, and the

solvent is distilled off. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 200 : 1 + 100 : 1), and further purified by silica gel thin layer chromatography (developer; chloroform : methanol = 10 : 1), and recrystallized from methanol/ diethyl ether to give 5-dimethylamino-1-(2-methyl-4-amino-benzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (G) (Rf: 0.52, 27.4 g) and 5-dimethylamino-1-(2-methyl-4-amino-benzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (H) (Rf: 0.48, 12.3 g).

(G): White powder

M.p. 154 - 156°C  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (c=1.0, chloroform)}$ 

 $l_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.10-1.50 (1H, m), 1.50-2.00 (1H, m), 2.00-2.35 (11H, m), 2.90-5.18 (5H, m), 6.00-6.76 (3H, m), 6.81-7.64 (4H, m)

(H): White powder

M.p.  $169.5 - 170^{\circ}C$   $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (c=1.5, chloroform)}$ 

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.11 - 2.90 (13H, m), 2.91-5.23 (5H, m), 6.15-6.53 (1H, m), 6.57-7.62 (6H, m)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 5 are obtained in the same manner as in above Examples 1 and 382.

# Table 5

Example 785

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

$$R^3: 4-NHC$$

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 174 - 175°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

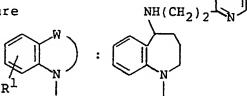
Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 176 - 178°C

Form: Free

Example 787

Structure



 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 154.5 - 155°C

OH CH<sub>3</sub>-N-CH<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

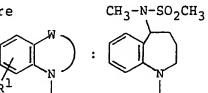
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 138)

Form: Free

Example 789

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless scales

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 197 - 198°C

Structure

re 
$$CH_3-N-CO$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 248 - 249°C

Form: Free

Example 791

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 162 - 163°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 235 - 236.5°C

Form: Free

Example 793

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{NHCO}_2\text{C-CH}_3 \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 139)

0

Example 794

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Dioxane

Melting Point: 269 - 271°C

Form: Free

Example 795

Structure

 $\underset{\mathbb{R}^1}{\overset{\text{NHCONHCH}_3}{ }} :$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC-

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Dimethylformamide

Melting Point: 286 - 287°C

Structure

CH3-N-CH2CN

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Acetonitrile

Melting Point: 227 - 228°C

Form: Free

Example 797

Structure

OH CH3-N-CH2CHCH2OH

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 140)

Structure

$$\text{CH}_3$$
-N-CH2CO2C2H5

$$\left( \left( \right) \right)^{W}$$

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 167 - 168°C

Form: Free

Example 799

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ R^1 \end{array}\right)$$
:

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 141)

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Example 800

Structure

re 
$$CH_3-N-CH_2COO^{\bigcirc}$$

$$R^3: 4-NHC$$

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether

Melting Point: 164 - 171°C

Form: K

Example 801

Structure

re
$$CH_3-N-(CH_2)_3O \longrightarrow O$$

$$R^2: H$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 142)

Structure

$$\left( \left( \right) \right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 143)

Form: Free

Example 803

Structure

$$CH_3-N-(CH_2)_3OH$$





к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 144)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 145)

Form: Free

Example 805

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 207 - 208°C

Structure

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 187 - 189°C

Form: Free

Example 807

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
  $\mathbb{R}^1$   $\mathbb{R}^1$   $\mathbb{R}^2$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 217 - 218°C

Structure

NHCH2CH2CH3

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

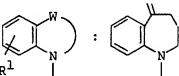
Melting Point: 170 - 171°C

Form: Free

Example 809

Structure

N~OH



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 239.5 - 241°C

Structure

re 
$$N-OCOCH_3$$
  $\mathbb{R}^1$   $\mathbb{R}^1$ 

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 190 - 191°C

Form: Free

Example 811

Structure

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether

Melting Point: 163 - 163.5°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

**г**<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 208 - 210°C

Form: Free

Example 813

Structure

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 146)

Structure

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 147)

Form: Free

Example 815

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 250 - 252°C

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Example 816

Structure

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 214 - 216°C

Form: Free

Example 817

Structure

NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & \text{NHCOCH}_{2}\text{NHCH}_{3} \\
 & \text{R}^{2} : \text{H}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 243 - 245°C

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether

Melting Point: 159 - 162°C

Form: Free

Example 819

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{W} \\
\text{R}^1
\end{array}$$
:  $\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_2\text{CON} \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{array}$ 

$$\text{R}^2: \text{ If }$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 148)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 287 - 289°C

Form: Free

Example 821

Structure

NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>C-CH<sub>3</sub>

CH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether

Melting Point: 170 - 171°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 204 - 205°C

Form: Free

Example 823

Structure

p2. 1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 273 - 273.5°C

Structure

ore CH<sub>2</sub>N CH<sub>3</sub>

$$R^{1}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 149)

Form: Free

Example 825

Structure

сн<sub>2</sub>инсно

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acatete/n-hexane

Melting Point: 240 - 241°C

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Example 826

Structure

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Acetonitrile/ethanol

Melting Point: 231 - 232°C

Form: Free

Example 827

Structure

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Acetonitrile/ethanol

Melting Point: 222 - 224°C

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Example 828

Structure

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 235 - 237°C

Form: Free

Example 829

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 150)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 235 - 237°C

Form: Free

Example 829

Structure

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 150)

Structure

ore 
$$OCH_2CON$$
  $S_0$   $R^1$   $R$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 151)

Form: Free

Example 831

Structure

ore 
$$N-CH_3$$

$$R^2: H$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 152)

Structure

och<sub>2</sub>con 
$$R^2$$
: H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 153)

Form: Free

Example 834

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 247 - 248°C

CONH<sub>2</sub>

Example 835

Structure

re 
$$OCH_2CON$$

$$R^2: H$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 154)

Form: Free

Example 836

Structure

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ : E

OCH2CONHCH2CONH2

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 155)

Form: Free

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Structure

ore 
$$CH_2CON$$
 $CH_2CH_2OH$ 
 $R^2: R$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 156)

Form: Free

Example 838

Structure

re 
$$OCH_2CONHCH_2$$
  $N$   $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 157)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

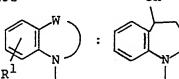
Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 234 - 235°C

Form: Free

Example 840

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 234 - 235°C

Form: Free

.

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Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

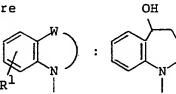
Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 226 - 228°C

Form: Free

Example 842

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 230 - 231°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 186 - 188°C

Form: Free

Example 844

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_3-N \\
\text{CH}_3-N
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/methanol

Melting Point: 286 - 290°C

Form: Free

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Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 186 - 188.5°C

Form: Free

Example 846

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 220 - 222°C

Structure

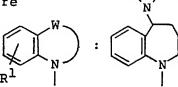
Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 158)

Form: Free

Example 848

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 189 - 192°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>-2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 159)

Form: Free

Example 850

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 207 - 209°C (decomposed)

Structure

re
$$N \sim OSO_3^{\bigcirc}$$
 $R^1$ 
 $N \sim OSO_3^{\bigcirc}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 160)

Form:

 $\bigoplus$ 

Example 852

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 193 - 194°C

Form: Free

1

. .

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} C_1 \\ C_2 \\ C_3 \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} C_1 \\ C_4 \\ C_5 \end{array}\right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 185.5 - 186°C

Form: Free

Example 854

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} \\
\text{O} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{O}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 223.5 - 226°C (decomposed)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 161)

Form: Free

Example 856

Structure

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 225.5 - 227°C

Form: Free

3

.

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 212 - 214°C

Form: Free

Example 858

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 230.5 - 233°C

Structure

$$\bigcap_{\mathbb{R}^1} \bigcap_{\mathbb{N}} \mathbb{R}^{\mathbb{N}} : \bigcap_{\mathbb{N}} \bigcap_{\mathbb{N}} \mathbb{N}$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 212.5 - 215°C (decomposed)

Form: Free

Example 860

Structure

re 
$$\frac{NHCH_3}{R^1}$$
 :  $\frac{NHCH_3}{C1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 192 - 194.5°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 175 - 177°C

Form: Free

Example 862

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: F

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 208.5 - 209.5°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 191 - 193.5°C

Form: Free

Example 864

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 204 - 205.5°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Light yellow prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 221 - 223°C

Form: Free

Example 866

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 171 - 173°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 185 - 187°C

Form: Free

Example 868

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

$$R^3: 4-NHC$$

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 190 - 192°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 175- 177°C

Form: Free

Example 870

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $-$ OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 148 - 151°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$  :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 200 - 202°C

Form: Free

Example 872

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 200 - 202°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Tre} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$
:

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Light yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Acetone

Melting Point: 235 - 238°C

Form: Free

Example 874

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Light yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Acetone

Melting Point: 198 - 201°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Light yellow needles

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 232 - 237°C

Form: Free

Example 876

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 224 - 227°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3: 4-NHC \xrightarrow{O} NH_2$$

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 211 - 214°C

Form: Free

Example 878

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/n-hexane

Melting Point: 238 - 243°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 162)

Form: Free

Example 880

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC  $N$   $CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 163)

Structure

 $R^2$ : F

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 198 - 202°C

Form: Free

Example 882

Structure

re
$$\mathbb{C}H_{2}$$
 $\mathbb{C}H_{3}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 226 - 229°C

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$$

 $R^2: 2-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

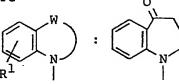
Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 139 - 140°C

Form: Free

Example 884

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 149 - 152°C

Structure

re 
$$_{NH-CH_3}$$

 $R^2: 2-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 180.5 - 182°C

Form: Free

Example 886

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}^{NH-CH_3}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 211 - 214°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Chloroform/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 171 - 174.5°C

Form: Free

Example 888

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: E

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 203 - 205°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-осн<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 202 - 202.5

Form: Free

Example 890

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 130 - 133°C

Structure

re 
$$\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 104.5 - 106°C

Form: Free

Example 892

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 197 - 198°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/ethyl acetate

Melting Point: 191 - 192°C

Form: Free

Example 894

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless columnar

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 211 - 213°C

Structure

**R**<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 164)

Form: Free

Example 896

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 165)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$  :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 166)

Form: Free

Example 898

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$   $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 224 - 228°C

- 138) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.3-2.95 (19H, m), 3.05-3.3 (1H, m), 3.85-4.1 (2H, m), 4.3-4.6 (1H, m), 6.64 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 6.9-7.8 (12H, m)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.3-4.15 (19H, m), 4.3-5.0 (1H, m), 6.65 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 6.9-8.05 (12H, m)

- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.3-3.45 (17H, m), 3.8-5.7 (5H, m), 6.5-7.65 (13H, m)

- d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.9-7.45 (9H, m), 7.52 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 8.9-9.05 (1H, m), 10.31 (1H, s)
- 147)

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.5-2.35 (4H, m), 2.45 (3H, s),
  2.6-2.85 (1H, m), 3.32 (3H, s), 4.19 (2H, AB-q,
  J=12.2 Hz, 15.6 Hz), 5.0-5.2 (1H, m), 5.82 (1H, d,
  J=10.3 Hz), 6.69 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 6.75-7.95 (12H, m)
- 148)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{\delta}$ ; 1.2-3.3 (17H, m), 3.45 (2H, AB-q, J=14.7, 22.9 Hz), 3.9-4.35 (2H, m), 6.60 (2H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 6.8-8.0 (11H, m), 8.39 (1H, s)
- 149)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.45-3.40 (8H, m), 2.23 (3H, s),
  2.33 (3H, s), 2.46 (3H, s), 4.44-5.23 (1H, m),
  6.54-6.78 (1H, m), 6.84-7.94 (12H, m)
- 150) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.50-1.92 (3H, m), 1.92-2.05 (1H, m), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.55-3.06 (5H, m), 3.43-5.76 (8H, m), 6.63-6.82 (1H, m), 6.97-8.08 (12H, m)
- 151) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.43-2.65 (4H, m), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.69-3.25 (5H, m), 3.90-5.40 (8H, m), 6.64-6.94 (1H, m), 6.94-7.77 (12H, m)
- 152)

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.50-1.90 (3H, m), 1.90-2.20
  (1H, m), 2.20-2.64 (4H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.64-3.27 (1H, m), 3.36-3.83 (4H, m), 3.93-4.52 (2H, m), 4.52-5.27 (2H, m), 6.57-6.82 (1H, m), 6.93-7.87 (12H, m)

	4.50-5.20 (2H, m), 6.60-6.80 (1H, m), 6.94-7.64	
	(11H, m), 8.16 (1H, brs)	
154)	$^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) $\delta$ ; 1.48-2.60 (8H, m), 2.46 (3H, s),	
	2.65-3.01 (1H, m), 3.20-3.74 (2H, m), 3.80-5.14	
	(4H, m), 5.30-5.84 (1H, m), 6.51-8.14 (13H, m)	
155)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDC1 <sub>3</sub> ) $\delta$ ; 1.54-1.91 (2H, m), 1.91-2.20	
	(1H, m), 2.22-2.64 (1H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.70-3.13	
	(1H, m), 3.60-4.40 (4H, m), 4.50-5.20 (2H, m),	
	6.07-8.00 (13H, m), 9.93 (1H, s)	
156)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) &; 1.56-1.92 (2H, m), 1.92-2.19 (1H,	
	m), 2.19-2.60 (1H, m), 2.46 (3H, s), 2.66-3.26 (4H,	
	m), 3.33-3.95 (4H, m). 4.00-5.20 (4H, m), 6.58-6.82	
	(1H, m), 6.93-8.21 (12H, m)	
157)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) $\delta$ ; 1.57-2.17 (3H, m), 2.21-2.68	
	(1H, m), 2.47 $(3H, s)$ , 2.73-3.04 $(1H, m)$ , 3.91-4.42	
	(4H, m), 4.50-5.17 (2H, m), 6.61-6.99 (2H, m),	
	6.99-8.10 (14H, m), 8.21-8.71 (2H, m)	
158)	$^{1}\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) $\delta$ ; 1.31 (3H, d, J=6.7 Hz), 1.53-	
	1.90 (1H, m), 2.29-2.58 (1H, m), 2.47 (3H, s),	
	2.94-3.63 (2H, m), 4.57-5.05 (1H, m), 6.68-6.82	
	(1H, m), 7.10-7.59 (10H, m), 7.72 (1H, s), 7.78-	
	7.96 (1H, m)	
159)	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (CDCl <sub>3</sub> ) δ ; 1.20-2.60 (17H, m), 2.65-5.10	*
	(3H, m), 6.85-3.85 (12H, m)	ě
160)	<sup>1</sup> H-NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ ) $\delta$ ; 1.40-1.75 (1H, m), 1.90-2.15	*
	(1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.50-2.80 (2H, m), 3.10-3.50	

```
(lH, m), 4.40-4.65 (lH, m), 6.85-7.60 (lOH, m), 7.85 (lH, s), 10.44 (lH, s)
```

- 165) 
  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.08-5.20 [20H, m, 1.30 (3H, t, J=7.2 Hz), 3.41 (2H, s), 4.22 (2H, q, J=7.2 Hz)], 6.49-7.73 (8H, m), 9.25-9.58 (1H, m)

To a solution of 5-acetyloxyimino-l-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.48 g) in acetic acid (20 ml) is added platinum oxide

(0.05 g) and the mixture is subjected to catalytic reduction
under hydrogen atmosphere. After completion of the
reaction, the catalyst is removed by filtration, and the
filtrate is concentrated. The resulting residue is purified
by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane
: methanol = 20 : 1 + 10 :1), and recrystallized from
ethanol/diethyl ether to give 5-amino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.19 g) as
colorless prisms, m.p. 176 - 178°C.

### Example 900

To a solution of 5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) is added triethylamine (0.24 ml). Subsequently, thereto is added methanesulfonyl chloride (0.14 ml) under ice-cooling, and then, the mixture is warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. Water is added to the reaction solution, extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 20 : 1), and recrystallized from ethanol to give 5-(N-methyl-N-methanesulfonylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine (0.48 g) as colorless scales, m.p. 197 -198°C.

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To a solution of 5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dichloromethane is added triethylamine (0.24 ml). Subsequently, thereto is added benzoyl chloride (0.2 ml) under ice-cooling, and the temperature thereof is raised to room temperature, and the mixture is stirred overnight. Water is added to the reaction solution and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 20 : 1), and recrystallized from ethanol to give 5-(N-methyl-N-benzoylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.64 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 248 - 249°C.

# Example 902

A mixture of 5-amino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.6 g) and ethyl formate (10 ml) is refluxed for 4 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethanol/petroleum ether to give 5-formylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.38 g) as colorless columnar crystal, m.p. 211 - 213°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 825 and 894 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 902.

### Example 903

To a solution of 5-amino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) is added triethylamine (0.22 ml). Subsequently, thereto is added di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.34 g) at room temperature and the mixture is stirred for 2 hours. Then, thereto is added additional di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.1 g) and the mixture is stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture is concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; n-hexane: ethyl aceate = 1:1) to give 5-t-butoxycarbonylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.66 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.1-2.3 (13H, m), 2.65-3.2 (1H, m), 4.55-5.6 (3H, m), 6.55-6.7 (1H, m), 6.9-7.6 (12H, m)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 791 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 903.

#### Example 904

To a solution of 5-amino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) is added phenyl isocyanate (0.2 g)

under ice-cooling. The mixture is stirred at the same temperature for 30 minutes, and the temperature thereof is raised to room temperature and then the mixture is stirred overnight. The reaction solution is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from dioxane to give 5-anilinocarbonylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.65 g) as colorless prisms, m.p. 269 - 271°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 795 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 904.

## Example 905

To a solution of 5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in methanol (10 ml) is added glycolonitrile (50 %, 0.19 ml) and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 20 minutes, and then refluxed for 30 minutes. Thereto is added additional glycolonitrile (0.5 ml) and the mixture is refluxed for 5.5 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and to the resulting residue is added ethyl acetate. The precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, and recrystallized from acetonitrile to give 5-(N-methyl-N-cyanomethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.32 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 227 - 228°C.

## Example 906

To 5-(N-methyl-N-oxiranylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine (0.62 g) is added trifluoroacetic acid (1.22 ml) under ice-cooling and the mixture is stirred for 4 hours. The reaction solution is neutralized with aqueous sodium carbonate solution, and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is dissolved in methanol (10 ml). Thereto is added 40 % aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (10 ml) and water (10 ml), and the mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. Methanol is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 30 : 1) to give 5-[N-methyl-N-met(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.23 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.3-4.15 (19H, m), 4.3-5.0 (1H, m), 6.65 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 6.9-8.05 (12H, m)

#### Example 907

A mixture of 5-methylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.64 g), acetonitrile (20 ml), potassium carbonate (0.6 g) and ethyl bromoacetate (0.44 ml) is refluxed for 3 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and water is added to the

resulting residue, and the mixture is extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 30:1), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/petroleum ether to give 5-(N-methyl-N-ethoxycarbonylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.82 g) as colorless prisms, m.p. 167 - 168°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 785, 787, 799, 800, 802 - 806, 808, 811, 819, 824, 826, 827, 845, 848, 849, 850, 852, 855 - 858, 860, 861, 863 - 882, 885 - 893 and 895 - 898 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 907.

#### Example 908

5-(N-Methyl-N-ethoxycarbonylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) is dissolved in saturated solution of ammonia in methanol (20 ml), and the mixture is heated at 100°C for 8 hours in a sealed tube. The reaction solution is concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 30:1) to give 5-(N-methyl-N-carbamoylmethyl-amino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.4 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.4-3.0 (9H, m), 3.05-3.6 (3H, m), 3.9-4.1 (1H, m), 4.35-4.55 (1H, m), 4.9-5.65 (1H, m), 6.67 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 6.85-7.6 (12H, m), 7.6-7.85 (2H, m)

### Example 909

To a solution of 5-(N-methyl-N-ethoxycarbonylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dioxane (10 ml) is added aqueous solution (1 ml) of sodium hydroxide (0.07 q) and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction solution is concentrated and to the resulting residue is added water. The insoluble materials are removed by filtration. The filtrate is neutralized with 10 % hydrochloric acid and extracted three times with dichloro-The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and to the resulting residue is added a solution of potassium ethylhexanoate (0.2 g) in dichloromethane (20 ml). The solvent is distilled off, and diethyl ether is added to the resulting residue. precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, and recrystallized from diethyl ether to give potassium 2-[N $methyl-N-\{1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5$ tetrahydro-1H-benzazepin-5-yl}amino]acetate (0.6 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 164 - 171°C.

### Example 910

To a solution of 5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1.5 g) in dimethyformamide (20 ml) are added potassium carbonate (0.6 g), potassium iodide (0.72 g) and 2-(3-bromopropyloxy)-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyrane (0.97 g) and the mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction solution is concentrated and to the resulting residue is added water. The mixture is extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane + dichloromethane : methano1 = 50 : 1) to give  $5-{N-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6-tetrahydro-2-methyl-N-(3,4,5),6$ yloxy)propyl]amino}-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.3 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>); 1.3-2.85 (21H, m), 3.2-4.0 (4H, m), 4.3-4.4 (1H, m), 4.45-5.2 (2H, m), 6.61 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.9-7.65 (12H, m)

#### Example 911

To 5-{N-methyl-N-[3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yloxy)propyl]amino}-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.4 g) is added a mixture of acetyl chloride (0.5 ml) and acetic acid (5 ml) at room temperature, and the mixture is stirred overnight. The reaction solution is concentrated and the resulting residue

is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 30:1), and further purified again by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; n-hexane: ethyl acetate = 1:2) to give 5-[N-methyl-N-(3-acetyloxypropyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.06 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.3-3.45 (17H, m), 3.8-5.7 (5H, m), 6.5-7.65 (13H, m)

#### Example 912

To a solution of  $5-\{N-methyl-N-\{3-(3,4,5,6$ tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yloxy)propyl]amino}-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.55 g) in ethanol (10 ml) is added pyridinium ptoluenesulfonate (0.03 g) and the mixture is heated at 60°C overnight. After the mixture is refluxed for more 2 hours, water and pyridinium p-toluenesulfonate (0.03 g) are added thereto. The mixture is refluxed for 4 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and to the resulting residue is added dichloromethane. The mixture is basified with aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated saline solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 30 : 1) to give 5-[N-methyl-N-

(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.26 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{6}$  ; 1.25-3.1 (14H, m), 3.3-4.0 (4H, m), 4.15-4.4 (1H, m), 4.45-5.2 (1H, m), 6.64 (1H, d, J=7.4 Hz), 6.9-7.7 (12H, m)

## Example 913

To a solution of 5-amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in acetic acid (10 ml) is added dropwise 2,5-dimethoxytetra-hydrofuran (0.19 ml), and the mixture is refluxed for 1 hour. The reaction solution is concentrated and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:

1), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-(1-pyrrolyl)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.31 g) as colorless prisms, m.p. 208 - 210°C.

### Example 914

To a solution of 5-amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (2.5 g) in dichloromethane (30 ml) is added triethylamine (0.96 ml) and further thereto is added dropwise chloroacetyl chloride (0.55 ml) under ice-cooling. The mixture is stirred for 5 minutes. The reaction solution is concentrated and to the resulting residue is added water. The precipitated crystal

is collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried to give 5-(2-chloroacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.4 g) as white powder.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO- $^{1}$ d<sub>6</sub>) & ; 1.3-2.15 (4H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.8-3.05 (1H, m), 4.24 (2H, AB-q, J=12.8, 15.4 Hz), 4.35-4.55 (1H, m), 4.9-5.25 (1H, m), 6.68 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 6.9-7.45 (9H, m), 7.52 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 8.9-9.05 (1H, m), 10.31 (1H, s)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 814 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 914.

#### Example 915

A mixed solution of 5-(2-chloroacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g), imidazole (0.1 g) and potassium carbonate (0.19 g) in acetonitrile (30 ml) is refluxed for 8 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and the resulting residue is washed with water and separated by decantation. The remainder is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 20:1 + 15:1), and recrystallized from ethanol/n-hexane to give 5-[2-(1-imidazolyl)acetylamino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.15 g) as colorless needles, m.p. 250 - 252°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound

of above Example 818 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 915.

### Example 916

To a solution of 5-(2-chloroacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.6 g) in dimethylformamide (20 ml) are added dimethylamine hydrochloride (0.2l g) and potassium carbonate (0.54 g), and the mixture is stirred at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction solution is concentrated and water is added to the resulting residue. The precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, and recrystallized from ethyl acetate to give 5-(2-dimethylaminoacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.24 g) as colorless prisms, m.p. 214 - 216°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 816, 817, 820, 821, 826 and 827 are obtained in the same manner as above Example 916.

#### Example 917

A mixture of 5-methylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.6 g), N,N-dimethyl-2-chloroacetamide (0.19 g) and potassium carbonate (0.22 g) is refluxed for 24 hours. The reaction solution is concentrated and water is added to the resulting residue. The mixture is extracted three times with dichloromethane. The extract is washed with saturated

saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 30:1) to give 5-[N-methyl-N-(dimethylaminocarbonylmethyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.05 g) as colorless amorphous.

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.2-3.3 (17H, m), 3.45 (2H, AB-q, J=14.7, 22.9 Hz), 3.9-4.35 (2H, m), 6.60 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 5.8-8.0 (11H, m), 8.39 (1H, s)

#### Example 918

To a solution of t-butoxycarbonylglycine (0.84 g) in dimethylformamide (20 ml) are added diethyl cyanophosphate (0.73 ml) and 5-amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (1.74 g), and further thereto is added triethylamine (1.8 ml) under ice-cooling. The mixture is stirred for 30 minutes, and then stirred at room temperature overnight. The reaction solution is concentrated and water is added to the resulting residue. The precipitated crystal is collected by filtration, washed with water, and recrystallized from ethyl acetate to give 5-(2-aminoacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (E) (0.16 g). Separately, the filtrate is concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:1), and recrystallized

from diethyl ether to give 5-[2-(t-butoxycarbonylamino)-acetylamino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (F) (0.19 g).

- (E): Colorless prisms, m.p. 287 289°C
- (F): Colorless prisms, m.p. 170 171°C

#### Example 919

5-Oxo-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.50 g) is suspended in tetrahydrofuran (20 ml), and thereto is added dropwise a 3.0 M solution of methyl magnesium bromide in diethyl ether (1.5 ml) at room temperature. The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution is poured into ice-water (20 ml), and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract is dried over magnesium sulfate, and the solvent is distilled off. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 2 : 3 + 1 : 1), and recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-methyl-5-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.23 g) as white powder, m.p. 204 - 205°C.

#### Example 920

To a solution of 5-carboxymethoxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1.50 g) in dimethylformamide (60 ml) are added successively thiomorpholine (0.66 ml), diethyl cyanophosphate (0.89 g) and triethylamine (1.37 ml) with stirring under ice-

cooling. The mixture is stirred for 30 minutes under icecooling, and at room temperature for 20 minutes. Water (60
ml) is added to the reaction solution, and extracted with
dichloromethane. The extract is dried over magnesium
sulfate, and the solvent is distilled off. The resulting
residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography
(eluent; ethyl acetate: n-hexane = 5: 2 + 3: 1), and
recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5(thiomorpholinocarbonylmethoxy)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1.60 g) as white
powder, m.p. 235 - 237°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 829 - 838 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 920.

### Example 921

To a solution of 5-(thiomorpholinocarbonylmethoxy)1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine (0.40 g) in dichloromethane (40 ml) is added 80
% m-chloroperbenzoic acid (175 mg) with stirring at -8°C,
and the mixture is stirred at -8°C for 1 hour. To the
reaction solution is added 20 % aqueous sodium
hydrogensulfite solution (40 ml) and the mixture is stirred
at room temperature for 30 minutes. The dichloromethane
layer is collected, washed with saturated saline solution
and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled
off and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel

column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane : methanol = 20 : 1) to give 5-[(l-oxothiomorpholino)carbonylmethoxy]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (0.32 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.50-1.92 (3H, m), 1.92-2.05 (1H, m), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.55-3.06 (5H, m), 3.43-5.76 (8H, m), 6.63-6.82 (1H, m), 6.97-8.08 (12H, m)

#### Example 922

To a solution of 5-(thiomorpholinocarbonylmethoxy)1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine (0.40 g) in dichloromethane (40 ml) is added 80
% m-chloroperbenzoic acid (0.35 g), and the mixture is
stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction
solution is washed successively with an aqueous sodium
hydrogensulfite solution and saturated saline solution, and
dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off
to give 5-[(1,1-dioxothiomorpholino)carbonylmethoxy]-1-[4(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine (0.41 g) as colorless amorphous.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.43-2.65 (4H, m), 2,48 (3H, s), 2.69-3.25 (5H, m), 3.90-5.40 (8H, m), 6.64-6.94 (1H, m), 6.94-7.77 (12H, m)

#### Example 923

To a solution of 5-oxo-1-[4-(2-hydroxybenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine (400 mg) in acetone (20 ml) are added potassium carbonate (210 mg), potassium

iodide (250 mg) and 2-chloroacetamide (120 mg), and the mixture is refluxed for 2 hours. The insoluble materials are removed by filtration, and the filtrate is distilled off. Dichloromethane is added to the resulting residue, and the mixture is washed with saturated saline solution, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off and the resulting residue is recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane to give 5-oxo-1-[4-(2-carbamoylmethoxy-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (436 mg) as white powder, m.p. 226 - 228°C.

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 842 is obtained in the same manner as above Example 923.

#### Example 924

A mixture of 5-methylamino-4-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.13 g), ethyl a-bromoacetate (58 mg), diisopropylethylamine (49 mg) and acetonitrile (5 ml) is refluxed for 10 hours. Acetonitrile is distilled off under reduced pressure, and the resulting residue is dissolved in dichloromethane, washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate, and distilled off under reduced pressure. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol = 50:1), and recrystallized from chloroform/methanol to give 7-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1-methyl-1,2,3,4a,5,6,7,11b-

octahydro-3-oxo[1]benzazepino[4,5-b][1,4]oxazine (80 mg) as colorless prisms, m.p. 286 - 290°C.

#### Example 925

To a solution of 5-oxo-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (1 g) in methanol (20 ml) and dichloromethane (20 ml) is added hydroxylamine-O-sulfonic acid (0.28 g) with stirring at room temperature, and the mixture is stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour. Subsequently, to the reaction solution is added with stirring an aqueous solution of patassium carbonate (0.34 g) in water (1 ml) at room temperature, and the mixture is stirred at the same temperature for 2 hours. The precipitated crystal is removed by filtration, and the filtrate is concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography to give potassium {1-[2chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepin-5-yl}imino-O-sulfonate (0.4 g) as white powder.

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 6; 1.40-1.75 (1H, m), 1.90-2.15 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.50-2.80 (2H, m), 3.10-3.50 (1H, m), 4.40-4.65 (1H, m), 6.85-7.60 (10H, m), 7.85 (1H, s), 10.44 (1H, s)

### Example 926

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 841 - 843, 868 - 870, 888 and

889 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 380.

### Example 927

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 876 - 878 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 381.

### Example 928

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 840, 842 and 846 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 384.

### Example 929

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 788 - 790, 796 - 804, 805, 808, 811, 814, 818, 819, 824, 826, 827, 837, 845, 848, 850, 852, 855, 856 - 858, 860, 861, 863 - 882, 885, 886, 888 - 893 and 895 - 898 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 388.

#### Example 930

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 848 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 393.

#### Example 931

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 841 and 842 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 402.

## Example 932

Using the suitable starting materials, the

compounds of above Examples 882 and 897 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 403.

### Example 933

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 809 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 634.

### Example 934

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 828 - 838 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 640.

## Example 935

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 810 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 772.

### Example 936

Using the suitable starting materials, the compound of above Example 788 is obtained in the same manner as in above Example 771.

### Example 937

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 785, 787, 788 - 790, 796 - 805, 806, 807, 808, 811, 814, 818, 819, 845, 848, 849, 850, 852, 855, 856 - 858, 860, 861, 863 - 882, 885, 886, 888 - 893 and 896 - 898 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 390.

#### Example 938

To 5-methanesulfonyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benozyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.50 g) is added a 30 % solution of methylamine in methanol (50 ml), and the mixture is heated at 100°C for 3 hours in a sealed tube. After cooling, the reaction solution is evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resulting residue is purified by silica gel column chromatography (eluent; dichloromethane: methanol: aqueous ammonia = 100:10:1) to give 5-methylaminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.07 g).

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) 6; 1.40-2.18 (4H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.54-3.50 (4H, m), 4.30-5.08 (1H, m), 6.56-6.82 (1H, m), 6.87-7.48 (10H, m), 7.48-7.75 (2H, m), 10.35 (1H, s)

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of above Examples 823 - 825 are obtained in the same manner as in above Example 938.

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Using the above suitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 6 are obtained in the same manner as in Examples 1 and 382.

# Table 6

Example 939

Structure

R²; H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 208 - 211°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 171.5 - 172.5°C

Form: Free

Example 941

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R²: H

o
$$R^3: 4-NHC \longrightarrow$$
 $-OCH_2CONH_2$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 151 - 154°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3: 4-NHC \xrightarrow{O O(CH_2)_3NHCOCH_3}$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 167)

Form: Free

Example 943

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHC- $\sim$ -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 180 - 183°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 109 - 110°C

Form: Free

Example 945

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless oil

NMR analysis: 168)

Structure

re 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless oil

NMR analysis: 169)

Form: Free

Example 947

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: F

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHSO<sub>2</sub>-

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 177 - 178.5°C

Structure

re 
$$_{\text{CH}_3}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 170)

Form: Free

Example 949

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{R}^{N}$  :

 $R^2$ : H

$$R^3: 4-NHC-$$

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 162 - 165°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1} \qquad \mathbb{R}^{1}$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 212 - 215°C

Form: Free

Example 951

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1} \qquad \mathbb{R}^{1}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless oil

NMR analysis: 171)

Structure

 $\mathbb{R}^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 112 - 114°C

Form: Free

Example 953

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless oil

NMR analysis: 172)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 173)

Form: Free

Example 955

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 174)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{C}^{H_{3}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether

Melting Point: 189 - 193°C

Form: Free

Example 957

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 175)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 234 - 238°C

Form: Free

Example 959

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{O} \\
\text{R}^{1} & \text{I}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: F

O R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCCH<sub>2</sub>Cl

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 183 - 184.5°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{O} \\
\text{R}^{1} & \text{I}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

$$R^3: 4-NHCCH_2N$$

Crystalline form: Brown oil

NMR analysis: 176)

Form: Free

Example 961

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 177)

Form: Free

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Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 178)

Form: Free

Example 963

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 202.5 - 204.5°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 199.5 - 201°C

Form: Free

Example 965

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 196.5 - 197°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 204 - 205°C

Form: Free

Example 967

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1 N} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1 N} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 175 - 177°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Pink amorphous

NMR analysis: 179)

Form: Free

Example 969

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{N} \\
\mathbb{N} \\
\mathbb{N}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 186 - 189°C

Form: Free

•

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Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$
: 
$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{N} \\
\text{C}_{2}^{\text{H}_{5}}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 211 - 212°C

Form: Free

Example 971

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

к<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 180)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 206 - 207°C

Form: Free

Example 973

Structure

re 
$$CH_2CON$$
  $CH_3$   $R^2$ : H

O | NHCOCH<sub>2</sub>C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 181)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 152 - 154°C

Form: Free

Example 975

Structure

$$R^{1}$$
  $R^{2}$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 182)

Structure

O OCH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHC

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 204 - 206°C

Form: Free

Example 977

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

 $R^2$ : H

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 162 - 163°C

- 167)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.14-2.83 (13H, m), 2.43 (3H, s), 2.95-5.19 (4H, m), 4.12 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 6.27-6.83 (2H, m), 6.83-7.36 (6H, m), 7.36-7.67 (4H, m), 7.93-8.11 (1H, m), 9.77 (1H, brs)

- 172) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.10-2.85 (14H, m), 2.72 (3H, s), 2.98-5.20 (2H, m), 3.62 (2H, s), 6.50-7.75 (12H, m), 9.18 (1H, brs)
- 173)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ; 1.28-2.62 (4H, m), 2.07 (3H, s), 2.34 (6H, s), 3.04-3.57 (2H, m), 3.99-4.86 (1H, m), 6.62-7.88 (12H, m), 10.12-10.20 (2H, m)
- 174)

  H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.39 (3H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 1.64
  2.68 (4H, m), 2.42 (6H, s), 3.04-3.58 (2H, m),

  3.98-5.01 (1H, m), 4.38 (2H, q, J=7.1 Hz), 6.57
  8.57 (13H, m)

- 175)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ; 1.67-5.02 (7H, m), 3.35 (6H, s), 6.75-8.17 (12H, m), 8.46 (1H, s), 10.54 (1H, s)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>2</sub>) δ; 1.21 (3H, t, J=7, Hz), 1.95-
- 176)

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.21 (3H, t, J=7.1 Hz), 1.95
  2.30 (2H, m), 2.88 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 3.40-3.65

  (2H, m), 3.70-4.50 (2H, m), 3.91 (2H, s), 6.66 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 6.70-7.00 (3H, m), 7.10-7.50 (7H, m),

  7.81 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 8.44 (1H, s)
- 177)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.21 (3H, t, J=7 Hz), 1.30-5.20 (11H, m), 3.48 (2H, q, J=7 Hz), 3.90 (2H, s), 6.53 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.65-7.00 (4H, m), 7.00-7.40 (6H, m), 7.51 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 8.40 (1H, s)
- 179) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.60-2.20 (1H, m), 2.10-2.35 (1H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.70-2.95 (2H, m), 3.25-3.45 (1H, m), 4.60-4.85 (1H, m), 7.10-7.80 (12H, m)

- 182) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.48-2.20 (3H, m), 2.20-2.85 (2H, m), 2.85-3.27 (6H, m), 4.05-4.47 (2H, m),

4.47-5.22 (2H, m), 6.50-6.76 (1H, m), 6.76-6.91 (1H, m), 6.91-7.69 (9H, m), 7.69-8.13 (1H, m), 9.28 (1H, s), 11.87 (1H, brs)

#### Example 978

5-Dimethylamino-1-(2-methyl-4-aminobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (H) (1.00 g) is dissolved in dichloromethane (30 ml), and thereto is added triethyl-amine (0.48 ml) under ice-cooling, and further added dropwise 2-methylbenzoyl chloride (0.44 ml). The mixture is stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution is washed with water, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent is distilled off, and the resulting residue is crystallized by adding thereto ethyl acetate. The precipitated crystal is recrystallized from dichloromethane/ethyl acetate to give 5-dimethylamino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.92 g) as white powder, m.p. 191 - 192°C.

HPLC retention time: 7.5 minutes

Column; Wakosil II 5C<sub>18</sub> (trade mark; Wako Pure Chemical Co., Ltd.)

Solvent; acetonitrile : 50 mN aqueous  $Na_2SO_4$  solution : acetic acid = 27 : 73 : 1

Rate; 1.0 ml/min.

 $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (c=1.0, chloroform)}$ 

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.15-3.25 (17H, m), 3.35-5.14

(2H, m), 6.62-8.05 (12H, m)

Charts of  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl $_3$ ) of the starting compound (H) and the compound obtained in Exmaple 978 are shown in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2, respectively.

#### Example 979

Using 5-dimethylamino-1-(2-methyl-4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (G) (1.00 g), 5-dimethyl-amino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (0.48 g) is obtained in the same manner as in Example 978 except that methanol/diethyl ether is used instead of ethyl acetate as recrystallization solvent, as white powder, m.p. 183 - 185°C.

HPLC retention time : 8.1 minutes (the conditions of HPLC are same as those in Example 978)  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \ (\text{c=1.3, chloroform})$ 

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.10-3.20 (17H, m), 3.35-5.15 (2H, m), 6.50-6.80 (1H, m), 6.86-7.62 (10H, m), 7.65-8.09 (1H, m)

Charts of  ${}^1\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl $_3$ ) of the starting compound (G) and the compound obtained in Exmaple 979 are shown in Fig. 3 and Fig. 4, respectively.

# Reference Example 18

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 1.

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-1-(4-nitrobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, colorless needles, m.p. 178 - 178.5°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 150 151°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-1-(3-methoxy-4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 116 118°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(3-methoxy-4-nitrobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow powder, m.p. 156 158°C (recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane)

# Reference Example 19

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 2.

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-l-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-lH-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 172.5 - 173.5°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder, m.p. 153 155°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)

7-Methoxy-5-oxo-1-(3-methoxy-4-aminobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, colorless needles, m.p.
170 - 171°C (recrystallized from ethyl acetate/n-hexane)
7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(3-methoxy-4-aminobenzoyl)-

1

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2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, yellow oil

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 2.05-2.30 (2H, m), 2.85-3.00

(2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.85-4.30 (4H, m), 6.42 (1H, d, J=8.1)

Hz), 6.64 (1H, dd, J=1.7 Hz, 8.1 Hz), 6.72 (1H, d, J=8.5

Hz), 6.80 (1H, d, J=1.8 Hz), 7.19 (1H, dd, J=2.6 Hz, 8.5

Hz), 7.81 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz)

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Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 7 are obtained in the same manner as in above Examples 1 and 382.

### Table 7

Example 980

Structure

re 
$$^{\text{CH}_3}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 183)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 184)

Form: Free

Example 982

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 185)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 186)

Form: Free

Example 984

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 187)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 188)

Form: Free

Example 986

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 189)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/water

Melting Point: 267 - 268°C

Form: Free

Example 988

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/water

Melting Point: 264 - 266°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 218 - 220°C

Form: Free

Example 990

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array}\right) \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Yellow oil

NMR analysis: 190)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{O} \\
\text{R}^{1} & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{O} \\
\text{N} & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

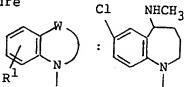
Crystalline form: Yellow oil

NMR analysis: 191)

Form: Free

Example 992

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 174 - 177°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{W} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} \\
\text{CH}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

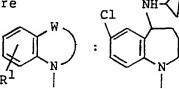
Crystalline form: Yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 192)

Form: Free

Example 994

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 193)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 163 - 165°C

Form: Free

Example 996

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 194)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 195)

- 183)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{5}$ ; 1.10-2.83 (11H, m), 2.96-5.21 (2H, m), 4.55 (2H, s), 6.48-7.72 (13H, m), 8.30 (1H, brs)

- 187) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.10-2.82 (14H, m), 2.96-5.20 (4H, m), 6.38-7.70 (12H, m), 8.54 (1H, brs)

- 190)

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 2.00-2.35 (2H, m), 2.49 (3H, s),
  2.89 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 3.72 (3H, s), 3.40-4.80
  (2H, m), 6.74 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 6.80-7.00 (2H, m),
  7.25-7.60 (5H, m), 7.80 (1H, d, J=2.6 Hz), 8.16
  (1H, s), 8.37 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz)

- 191) 

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.90-2.40 (2H, m), 2.90 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.40-4.80 (2H, m), 6.74 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 6.80-7.00 (2H, m), 7.10-7.50 (4H, m), 7.73 (1H, dd, J=2.3 Hz, 6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 8.38 (1H, d, J=8.8 Hz), 8.65 (1H, s)
- 193)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 0.30-0.65 (4H, m), 1.20-2.50

  (7H, m), 2.50 (3H, s), 3.10-5.20 (2H, m), 3.75 (3H, s), 6.60 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.70-7.60 (8H, m), 8.14

  (1H, s), 8.20-8.40 (1H, m)
- 194)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 0.80-2.50 (10H, m), 2.90-4.10 (6H, m), 6.50-7.80 (9H, m), 8.32 (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 8.62 (1H, s)
- 195)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 0.30-0.65 (4H, m), 0.70-2.40

  (6H, m), 2.60-5.20 (6H, m), 6.50-7.80 (9H, m), 8.30

  (1H, d, J=8 Hz), 8.62 (1H, s)

#### Reference Example 20

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 1.

7-Methyl-5-oxo-l-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-lH-benzazepine, white needles

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 2.20 (2H, brs), 2.32 (3H, s),

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ę G 2.88 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 3.40-4.79 (2H, m), 6.57 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.04 (1H, d, J=7.7 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 7.62 (1H, d, J=1.7 Hz), 8.04 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz)

7-Dimethylamino-5-oxo-l-(4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, red brown prisms (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.75-2.47 (2H, m), 2.60-3.62, 4.51-4.92 (total 4H, m), 2.93 (6H, s), 6.46 (1H, dd, J=2.2 Hz, 7.0 Hz), 6.52 (1H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, J=7.0 Hz), 8.00 (2H, d, J=7.0 Hz)

7-Bromo-5-oxo-1-(4-nitrobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether), m.p. 177 - 182°C

7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(2-methyl-4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ;1.78-2.37 (2H, m), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.88 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 3.30-5.12 (2H, m), 6.47-6.82 (1H, m), 6.82-7.09 (1H, m), 7.09-7.27 (1H, m), 7.48-8.35 (3H, m)

6-Oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, yellow amorphous

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl $_{3}$ )  $_{\delta}$  ; 1.7-2.1 (4H, m), 2.85-4.7 (4H, m), 7.12 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.17-7.51 (4H, m), 7.89 (1H, dd, J=7.8 Hz, 2.1 Hz), 8.11 (1H, d, J=2.2 Hz)

8-Chloro-6-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoy1)-

1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, yellow amorphous  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.7-2.15 (4H, m), 2.85-4.8 (4H, m), 7.14 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 7.16 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.34 (1H, dd, J=8.3 Hz, 2.5 Hz), 7.85 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=8.4 Hz, 2.2 Hz), 8.13 (1H, d, J=2.1 Hz) 8-Methyl-6-oxo-l-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, yellow amorphous  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.65-2.2 (4H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 2.7-5.0 (4H, m), 7.0-7.25 (3H, m), 7.67 (1H, d, J=2.0 Hz), 7.89 (1H, dd, J=8.4 Hz, 2.2 Hz), 8.10 (1H, d, J=2.1 Hz) 8-Methoxy-6-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoy1)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.6-2.05 (4H, m), 2.8-5.2 (4H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 6.88 (1H, dd, J=8.6 Hz, 3.1 Hz), 7.11 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 7.38 (1H, d, J=3.0 Hz), 7.90 (1H, dd, J=8.4 Hz, 2.2 Hz), 8.11 (1H, d, J=2.2 Hz) 7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoy1)-2,3,4,5tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, yellow powder (recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane), m.p. 125 - 126.5°C

## Reference Example 21

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 2.

7-Methyl-5-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow powder  ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR} \text{ (CDCl}_{3}) \ \& \ ; \ 2.13 \ (2\text{H}, \ \text{brs}), \ 2.32 \ (3\text{H}, \ \text{s}),$ 

2.86 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.89-5.29 (2H, m), 3.86 (2H, brs), 6.41 (2H, m), 6.65 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.06 (3H, m), 7.65 (1H, d, J=1.7 Hz)

7-Dimethylamino-5-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow needles (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether)

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{5}$ ; 1.78-2.49 (2H, m), 2.64-3.78, 4.07-5.02 (total 4H, m), 2.93 (6H, m), 3.96 (2H, m), 6.38 (2H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.55 (1H, dd, J=2.7, 8.7 Hz), 6.62 (1H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.96-7.18 (3H, m)

7-Bromo-5-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder (recrystallized from methanol/diethyl ether)

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.98-2.37 (2H, m), 2.88 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 3.52-4.55 (4H, m), 6.28-6.57 (2H, m), 6.57-6.76 (1H, m), 6.92-7.20 (2H, m), 7.28-7.42 (1H, m), 7.90-8.09 (1H, m)

7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(2-methyl-4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, white powder (recrystallized from dichloromethane/diethyl ether), m.p. 190 - 191°C

6-Oxo-l-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.3-2.25 (4H, m), 2.8-4.4 (6H, m), 6.1-6.9 (3H, m), 6.95-7.75 (3H, m), 7.8-8.3 (1H, m)

8-Chloro-6-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl $_{3}$ )  $_{\delta}$  ; 1.59-2.2 (4H, m), 2.6-4.4 (6H, m), 6.1-6.9 (3H, m), 6.95-7.5 (2H, m), 7.8-8.05 (1H, m)

7-Chloro-5-oxo-1-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow powder (recrystallized from diethyl ether/dichloromethane), m.p. 188 - 191.5°C

Using the suitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 8 are obtained in the same manner as in above Examples 1 and 382.

## Table 8

Example 998

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 196)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder.

NMR analysis: 197)

Form: Free

Example 1000

Structure

CH<sub>3</sub> NHCH<sub>3</sub>

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 200 - 205°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 198)

Form: Free

Example 1002

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 234 - 238°C

Structure

re 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 174 - 178°C

Form: Free

Example 1004

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_3 & \text{O}_{N} \\
\text{R}^1 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 199)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{N}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

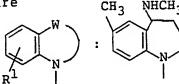
Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 200)

Form: Free

Example 1006

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 201)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 202)

Form: Free

Example 1008

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

MNR analysis: 203)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 204)

Form: Free

Example 1010

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: H

$$^{O(CH_2)_4NHCH}_{CH_3}$$

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 205)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{W} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}
\right) : \begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} \text{O} \\
\text{O} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 153 - 155°C

Form: Free

Example 1012

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 142 - 143°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 176 - 178°C

Form: Free

Example 1014

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
  $\mathbb{R}^1$   $\mathbb{R}^1$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 186 - 188°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 206)

Form: Free

Example 1016

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 207)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 191 - 191.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1018

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{W} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}
\right) \begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3}\text{O} \\
\text{NHCH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 210 - 212°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 196 - 198°C

Form: Free

Example 1020

Structure

CH<sub>3</sub>O CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 208)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{CH}_{3} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 209)

Form: Free

Example 1022

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 210)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 211)

Form: Free

Example 1024

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 212)

Example 1025 ·

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

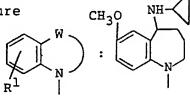
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 213)

Form: Free

Example 1026

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 214)

- 715 -

Example 1027

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 207 - 208°C

Form: Free

Example 1028

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{O} \\
\text{R1} & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 201 - 202°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 193 - 194°C

Form: Free

Example 1030

Structure W : C1 | II

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 205 - 208°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 214 - 216°C

Form: Free

Example 1032

Structure

**R**<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Yellow needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 223 - 226°C

Structure CH<sub>3</sub> N NHCH<sub>3</sub>

W CH<sub>3</sub> : NHCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: H

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 203 - 206°C

Form: Free

Example 1034

Structure  $CH_3$  N  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

 $R^2$ : H

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 168 - 171°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 206 - 208°C

Form: Free

Example 1036

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 229 - 232°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 220 - 222°C

Form: Free

Example 1038

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 232 - 233.5°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} & \text{NHCH}_3 \\
\text{R}^1 & | & & \\
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 215)

Form: Free

Example 1040

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{C1} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 216)

Structure

re 
$$\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 147 - 151°C

Form: Free

Example 1042

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 127 - 129°C

Form: Free

Ţ

Structure

re 
$$W$$
 :  $CH$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 109 - 112°C

Form: Free

Example 1044

Structure

$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 198 - 200°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 210 - 211°C

Form: Free

Example 1046

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 217)

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 218)

Form: Free

Example 1048

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 219)

Structure

re 
$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{N}^{NHCH_{3}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 243 - 243.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1050

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: F

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 207 - 209°C

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
 :  $\mathbb{R}^{N}$  :

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 239 - 241°C

Form: Free

Example 1052

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right) : \left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array}\right)$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 220)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$
:  $\begin{array}{c}
\text{N} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

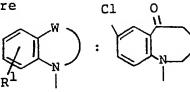
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 221)

Form: Free

Example 1054

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 222)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} & \text{O} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1} & \text{N}
\end{array}$$
:

 $R^2: 2-C$ 

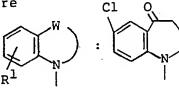
Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 223)

Form: Free

Example 1056

Structure



 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/dichloromethane

Melting Point: 169.5 - 173°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}
\right) : \begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} \\
\text{O} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 224)

Form: Free

Example 1058

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{NHCH}_{3} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 225)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{CH}_3 \\
\text{R}^1 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 226)

Form: Free

Example 1060

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 227)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 228)

Form: Free

Example 1062

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 229)

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-ŃHCO

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 230)

Form: Free

Example 1064

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 231)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{NHCH}_3 \\
\text{R}^1 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 232)

Form: Free

Example 1066

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 233)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 234)

Form: Free

Example 1068

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 235)

Structure

re 
$$C1 N CH_3$$
 $CH_2CH=CH_2$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 236)

Form: Free

Example 1070

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Ci

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 237)

```
^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDC1<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 2.14 (2H, brs), 2.33 (3H, s),
 196)
            2.46 (3H, s), 2.85 (2H, t, J=6.1 Hz), 4.83 (2H,
           brs), 6.64 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.07 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz),
           7.21-7.48 (8H, m), 7.65 (1H, m), 7.74 (1H, brs)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 2.12 (2H, brs), 2.33 (3H, s),
 197)
           2.85 (2H, t, J=6.2 Hz), 2.88-5.28 (2H, m), 6.63
           (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 7.06 (1H, dd, J=1.7 Hz, 8.1 Hz),
           7.19-7.69 (9H, m), 8.26 (1H, brs)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 0.49 (4H, m), 1.25-5.13 (9H, m),
198)
           2.33 (3H, s), 2.45 (3H, s), 6.53 (1H, m), 6.79 (1H,
           m), 7.07-7.42 (9H, m), 7.73 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 2.04 (2H, brs), 2.29 (3H, s),
199)
           2.82 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 2.85-5.29 (2H, m), 6.82-
           7.69 (10H, m), 8.31 (1H, brs)
           <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 2.05 (2H, brs), 2.29 (3H, s),
200)
           2.44 (3H, s), 2.79 (2H, t, J=5.5 Hz), 2.82-5.28
           (2H, m), 6.82-8.12 (11H, m)
201)
           <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6 ; 1.40-4.85 (11H, m), 2.51 (3H,
           s), 6.78-7.63 (10H, m), 8.64 (1H, brs)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.40-4.85 (11H, m), 2.45 (3H, s),
202)
           2.50 (3H, s), 6.78-7.55 (10H, m), 8.10 (1H, brs)
          ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 0.49 (4H, m), 1.25-4.85 (9H, m),
203)
          2.28 (3H, s), 6.77-7.62 (10H, m), 8.64 (1H, brs)
          <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 0.48 (4H, m), 1.26-4.85 (9H, m),
204)
          2.29 (3H, s), 2.44 (3H, s), 6.78-7.58 (10H, m),
          8.18 (1H, brs)
```

- $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.14 (6H, d, J=6.3 Hz), 1.52-205) 2.20 (7H, m), 2.20-2.60 (1H, m), 2.64-3.66 (10H, m), 4.00-4.50 (4H, m), 4.50-5.23 (2H, m), 6.57-7.90 (11H, m), 8.10-8.30 (1H, m), 9.97 (1H, s) $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.24-2.08 (4H, m), 2.08-2.26 206) (3H, m), 2.26-3.16 (4H, m), 3.47-4.03 (4H, m), 4.18-4.92 (1H, m), 6.40-7.94 (10H, m), 8.45-9.03 (1H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.26-2.10 (4H, m), 2.10-2.28 207) (3H, m), 2.28-3.20 (1H, m), 3.43-4.06 (4H, m); 4.20-4.93 (1H, m), 6.40-8.00 (10H, m), 8.78-9.30 (1H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.10-1.98 (4H, m), 1.98-3.10 208) (7H, m), 3.30-3.90 (4H, m), 3.90-5.10 (1H, m), 6.45-8.25 (12H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.06-1.94 (4H, m), 1.94-3.19 209) (10H, m), 3.19-3.90 (4H, m), 3.90-5.10 (1H, m), 6.44-8.60 (llH, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.06-1.97 (4H, m), 1.97-3.20 210) (7H, m), 3.20-3.92 (4H, m), 3.92-5.10 (1H, m), 6.44-8.55 (11H, m)
- 211) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.07-1.98 (4H, m), 1.98-3.10 (10H, m), 3.37-5.20 (8H, m), 6.44-6.86 (3H, m), 6.97-7.60 (6H, m), 8.13 (1H, s), 8.19-8.38 (1H, m)
- 212)  ${}^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  ${}^{3}$ ; 1.08-1.99 (4H, m), 1.99-3.13 (7H, m), 3.33-5.14 (8H, m), 6.40-6.90 (3H, m),

- 6.95-7.56 (5H, m), 7.63-7.87 (1H, m), 8.17-8.37 (1H, m), 8.60 (1H, s)
- 213)  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 0.30-0.64 (4H, m), 0.70-3.42 (9H, m), 3.42-5.10 (5H, m), 6.40-8.70 (11H, m)
- 214)  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 0.30-0.76 (4H, m), 0.80-3.43 (6H, m), 3.50-5.00 (5H, m), 6.40-9.04 (11H, m)
- 215) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.25-3.25 (14H, m), 3.55-5.06 (2H, m), 6.43-7.00 (2H, m), 7.00-7.71 (8H, m), 7.91-8.45 (1H, m)
- 216) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.11-3.20 (17H, m), 3.28-5.12 (2H, m), 6.41-7.01 (2H, m), 7.02-7.63 (8H, m), 7.76-8.21 (1H, m)
- 217)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.92-2.29 (2H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.84 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 3.32-4.64 (2H, m), 6.40-8.10 (11H, m)
- 218)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{\delta}$ ; 1.92-2.25 (2H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.83 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 3.21-4.52 (2H, m), 6.39-7.97 (10H, m), 8.43 (1H, brs)
- 219) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.7-2.15 (4H, m), 2.5-5.2 (4H, m), 6.75-6.9 (1H, m), 7.27-7.6 (9H, m), 7.65-7.85 (1H, m), 7.9-8.15 (2H, m)
- 220)  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.65-2.1 (4H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.8-4.5 (4H, m), 6.75-8.0 (12H, m)
- 221)  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.65-2.3 (4H, m), 2.7-4.8 (4H, m), 6.75-8.4 (12H, m)
- 222)  $^{1}H-NMR$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.45-2.15 (4H, m), 2.45-2.55

```
(3H, m), 2.85-4.6 (4H, m), 6.8-8.25 (11H, m)
           1_{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.5-2.2 (4H, m), 2.8-4.7 (4H,
223)
           m), 6.8-8.4 (11H, m)
           1_{H-NMR} (CDC1<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.75-2.25 (2H, m), 2.30-2.70
224)
           (3H, m), 2.70-2.95 (2H, m), 3.20-5.10 (2H, m),
           6.70-8.40 (llH, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.20-2.60 (8H, m), 2.60-5.10
225)
           (3H, m), 6.80-7.90 (10H, m), 8.20-8.60 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.20-2.60 (10H, m), 2.60-5.10
226)
           (3H, m), 6.80-8.15 (11H, m)
           1_{\text{H-NMR}} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 0.30-0.70 (4H, m), 1.20-2.45
227)
           (6H, m), 2.60-5.10 (3H, m), 6.80-7.95 (10H, m),
           8.15-8.50 (lH, m)
           1_{H-NMR} (CDC1<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.20-2.40 (5H, m), 2.60-5.35
228)
           (7H, m), 5.80-6.15 (1H, m), 6.75-7.95 (10H, m),
           8.20-8.70 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.20-2.55 (7H, m), 2.60-5.35
229)
           (7H, m), 5.85-6.05 (1H, m), 6.70-7.10 (2H, m),
           7.10-7.90 (8H, m), 8.15-8.60 (1H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 1.00-1.20 (6H, m), 1.00-2.40
230)
           (5H, m), 2.60-5.10 (4H, m), 6.80-8.00 (10H, m),
           8.15-8.65 (1H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 0.80-2.50 (13H, m), 2.60-5.10
231)
           (4H, m), 6.70-8.85 (10H, m), 8.25-8.60 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.30-2.60 (11H, m), 2.60-5.10
232)
```

(3H, m), 6.80-8.15 (11H, m)

```
233) {}^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl_{3}) \delta; 1.10-2.50 (13H, m), 2.50-5.10 (3H, m), 6.75-8.40 (11H, m)
```

- 234)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 0.30-0.65 (4H, m), 1.20-2.30 (6H, m), 2.35-2.55 (3H, m), 2.60-5.10 (3H, m), 6.75-8.35 (11H, m)
- 236) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.25-2.60 (10H, m), 2.60-5.40 (7H, m), 5.75-6.10 (1H, m), 6.75-7.10 (2H, m), 7.10-8.40 (9H, m)
- 237) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 0.95-1.20 (6H, m), 0.95-2.25 (5H, m), 2.40-2.60 (3H, m), 2.60-5.10 (4H, m), 6.75-7.05 (2H, m), 7.10-8.30 (9H, m)

## Reference Example 22

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 1.

8-Chloro-6-oxo-1-(4-nitrobenzoy1)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, yellow prisms

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $^{1}\text{d}_{6}$ )  $_{\delta}$  ; 1.3-2.2 (4H, m), 2.6-5.0 (4H, m), 7.05-8.5 (7H, m)

5-Oxo-7-methyl-l-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, light yellow amorphous

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.71-2.32 (2H, m), 2.29 (3H, s), 2.86 (2H, t, J=6.3 Hz), 3.10-5.30 (2H, m), 6.84-8.38 (6H, m) 5-0xo-7-methyl-1-(3-methoxy-4-nitrobenzoyl)-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, light yellow amorphous

lH-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 2.17 (2H, brs), 2.34 (3H, s),

2.84 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 3.10-5.29 (2H, m), 3.77 (3H, s),

6.67 (lH, d, J=7.9 Hz), 6.85 (2H, m), 7.10 (lH, d, J=8.0 Hz), 7.57-7.65 (2H, m)

5-Oxo-7-dimethylamino-1-(2-chloro-4-nitrobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine, yellow powder

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.66-2.38 (2H, m), 2.65-2.88 (2H, m), 2.92 (6H, s), 3.08-3.64, 4.58-5.01 (total 2H, m), 6.49 (1H, dd, J=3.1, 8.7 Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.90 (1H, d, J=3.1 Hz), 7.02-7.37 (1H, m), 7.94 (1H, dd, J=1.9, 8.4 Hz), 8.08 (1H, d, J=1.9 Hz)

## Reference Example 23

Using the suitable starting materials, the following compounds are obtained in the same manner as in Reference Example 2.

8-Chloro-6-oxo-1-(4-aminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $_{\delta}$ ; 1.7-2.2 (4H, m), 2.3-4.8 (6H, m), 6.4-6.6 (2H, m), 6.74 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 7.1-7.4 (3H, m), 7.99 (1H, d, J=2.6 Hz)

8-Methyl-6-oxo-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)
1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, colorless amorphous

lH-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.4-2.1 (4H, m), 2.15-2.6 (3H, m), 2.7-4.4 (6H, m), 6.15-6.35 (1H, m), 6.51 (1H, s), 6.6-6.85 (1H, m), 6.9-7.25 (2H, m), 7.72 (1H, s)

```
8-Methoxy-6-oxo-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)-
1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine, light yellow amorphous
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.4-2.2 (4H, m), 2.7-5.0 (9H,
m), 6.25 (lH, dd, J=8.3 Hz, 2.2 Hz), 6.51 (lH, d, J=2.2 Hz);
6.66 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J=8.6 Hz, 3.0 Hz),
7.23 (1H, d, J=8.6 \text{ Hz}), 7.43 (1H, d, J=3.0 \text{ Hz})
          5-Oxo-7-chloro-1-(2-methoxy-4-aminobenzoyl)-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, colorless particles
(recrystallized from methanol/diethyl ether), m.p. 206 -
208°C
          5-Oxo-7-methyl-l-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-
tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, light yellow amorphous
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 2.09 (2H, brs), 2.29 (3H, s),
3.10-5.00 (2H, m), 3.78 (2H, brs), 6.34-7.54 (6H, m)
          5-Oxo-7-methyl-1-(3-methoxy-4-aminobenzoyl)-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, light yellow amorphous
          ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 2.12 (2H, brs), 2.32 (3H, s),
2.85 (2H, t, J=5.9 Hz), 3.30-5.00 (2H, m), 3.65 (3H, s),
3.98 (2H, brs), 6.40 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 6.64-6.76 (3H, m),
7.06 (lH, dd, J=1.6, 8.1 Hz), 7.63 (lH, d, J=2.0 Hz)
          5-Oxo-7-dimethylamino-1-(2-chloro-4-aminobenzoyl)-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine, yellow amorphous
          <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.60-2.32 (2H, m), 2.67-5.13
(4H, m), 2.92 (6H, s), 3.75 (2H, s), 6.31 (1H, dd, J=2.1,
8.3 Hz), 6.46 (lH, d, J=2.1 Hz), 6.48 (lH, dd, J=3.1, 8.7
Hz), 6.66-6.89 (2H, m), 6.95 (1H, d, J=3.1 Hz)
```

Using the stuitable starting materials, the compounds of the following Table 9 are obtained in the same manner as in above Examples 1 and 382.

## Table 9

Example 1071

Structure

re 
$$NHCH_3$$
  $R^1$   $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 227 - 230°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Tre} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{C}1 \\
\mathbb{N} \\
\mathbb{N} \\
\mathbb{N}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/petroleum ether

Melting Point: 216 - 218°C

Form: Free

Example 1073

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} & \text{NHCH}_3 \\
\text{R}^1 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 227 - 228°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
 & \text{Cl} \quad 0 \\
 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} \quad 0 \\
 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 238)

Form: Free

Example 1075

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} & \text{O} \\
\text{II} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

NMR analysis: 239)

Structure

$$\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$$
 :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$  :  $\mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 240)

Form: Free

Example 1077

Structure

$$\mathbb{C}^{\mathrm{H}_3} \stackrel{\mathrm{O}}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{C}^{\mathrm{H}_3} \stackrel{\mathrm{O}}{\longrightarrow} \mathbb{C}^{\mathrm{H}_3}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 241)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 242)

Form: Free

Example 1079

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} \text{O} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3} \text{O} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 243)

Structure

re 
$$_{\text{CH}_3}^{\text{W}}$$
 :  $_{\text{N}}^{\text{NHCH}_3}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 179 - 181°C

Form: Free

Example 1081

Structure

 $R^2: 2-C1$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 213 - 216°C

Structure

$$CH_3O$$
 $NHCH_3$ 
 $R^1$ 
 $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 185 - 187°C

Form: Free

Example 1083

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Tre} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{C}^{1} \\
\mathbb{N} \\
\mathbb{N}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 249 - 251°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{OTE} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$
: C1 NHCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

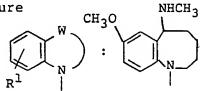
Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol

Melting Point: 239 - 241°C

Form: Free

#### Example 1085

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 208 - 210°C

Structure

 $R^2: 2-CH_3$ 

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 178 - 180.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1087

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 244)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH-

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 245)

Form: Free

Example 1089

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

NMR analysis: 246)

Example -1090

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH

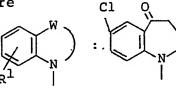
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 247)

Form: Free

Example 1091

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 248)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 249)

Form: Free

Example 1093

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 205 - 206°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

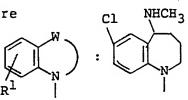
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 250)

Form: Free

Example 1095

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 172.5 - 174°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 215 - 216.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1097

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 133 - 136°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 251)

Form: Free

Example 1099

Structure

 $R^2$ : 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 179 - 180°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

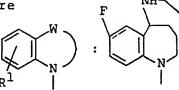
Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 167.5 - 169.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1101

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 176 - 178°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 252)

Form: Free

Example 1103

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 185 - 188°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 180 - 181.5°C

Form: Free

Example 1105

Structure

R-: 1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 181 - 184°C

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 186.5 - 187°C

Form: Free

Example 1107

Structure

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 183 - 184°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Methanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 151 - 153°C

Form: Free

Example 1109

Structure

$$(H_3 \circ H_3) : H_3 \circ H_$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-осн<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 253)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

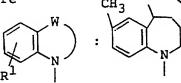
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 254)

Form: Free

Example 1111

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/n-hexane

Melting Point: 191 - 195°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 227 - 230°C

Form: Free

Example 1113

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{CH}_3 \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_3 \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 289)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 255)

Example 1115

Structure

re 
$$CH_3$$
  $NHCH_3$   $R^1$   $N$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 172 - 174°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 305)

Form: Free

Example 1117

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 290)

Structure

re 
$$C1$$
  $CH_3$   $R^1$   $N$   $CH_3$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 291)

Form: Free

Example 1119

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 264)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 265)

Form: Free

Example 1121

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{ore} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{C}^{1} \\
\mathbb{N}^{N}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 266)

Structure

 $R^2: 2-C1$ 

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 267)

Form: Free

Example 1123

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} & \text{CH}_{\frac{1}{2}} \\
\text{R}^{1} & \text{I}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 268)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{C1} \\
\text{CH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 269)

Form: Free

Example 1125

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
\text{Cl} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Cl} \\
\text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 270)

Structure

re 
$$C1$$
  $CH_3$   $R^1$   $N$   $CH_3$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 271)

Form: Free

Example 1127

Structure

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 272)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 273)

Form: Free

Example 1129

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 274)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 275)

Form: Free

Example 1131

Structure

CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>

$$R^1$$

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 276)

Structure

re 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_3$   $CH_3$ 

 $R^2$ : H

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 277)

Form: Free

Example 1133

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 278)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 279)

Form: Free

Example 1135

Structure

**R**<sup>2</sup>: Н

NMR analysis: 280)

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Example 1136

Structure

NMR analysis: 281)

Form: Free

Example 1137

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

NMR analysis: 282)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

NMR analysis: 283)

Form: Free

Example 1139

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

\$

$$R^3$$
: 4-NHCO-

NMR analysis: 306)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

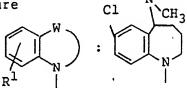
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 284)

Form: Free

### Example 1141

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 285)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 286)

Form: Free

Example 1143

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 287)

Structure

are 
$$\frac{NHCH_3}{R^1}$$
:

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

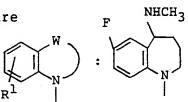
Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 203 - 207°C

Form: Free

Example 1145

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 199 - 203°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

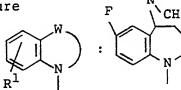
Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 210 - 212°C

Form: Free

Example 1147

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: H

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 211 - 214°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

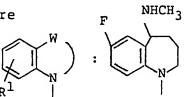
Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 186 - 189°C

Form: Free

Example 1149

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 288)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 292)

Form: Free

Example 1151

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 293)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-осн<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 144 - 145°C

Form: Free

Example 1153

Structure

re 
$$_{\mathbb{R}^{1}}^{\mathbb{W}}$$
  $:$   $_{\mathbb{R}^{N}}^{\mathbb{N}}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Dichloromethane/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 149 - 150°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 294)

Form: Free

Example 1155

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 295)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{Tre} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^{1}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3}\text{O} \\
\text{NHCH}_{3}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form:

Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 301)

Form: Free

Example 1157

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$   $\mathbb{R}^{1}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 302)

Structure

re 
$$_{\text{CH}_3\text{O}}$$
  $_{\text{CH}_3}$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 303)

Form: Free

Example 1159

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 304)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diisopropyl ether

Melting Point: 191 - 193°C

Form: Free

Example 1161

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/diisopropyl ether

Melting Point: 221 - 223°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 159 - 161°C

Form: Free

Example 1163

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethyl acetate/n-hexane

Melting Point: 174 - 175°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 256)

Form: Free

# Example 1165

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 257)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 258)

Form: Free

Example 1167

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 259)

Structure

$$\mathbb{C}^{H_3O} \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^{H_3O}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: н

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 260)

Form: Free

Example 1169

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 261)

Structure

CH3 OH

R<sup>2</sup>: Н

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 296)

Form: Free

Example 1171

Structure



CH3 OH

 $R^2$ : 2-Cl

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 159 - 162°C

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 221 - 224°C

Form: Free

Example 1173

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 199 - 202°C

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c} e \\ & CH_3 \\ & N \end{array} \qquad \vdots \qquad \begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ & N \end{array}$$

 $R^2: 2-C1$ 

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-

Crystalline form: Colorless prisms

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether

Melting Point: 215 - 218°C

Form: Free

Example 1175

Structure

$$(H_3)$$
 :  $(H_3)$ 

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless needles

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 167 - 170°C

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ \end{array}\right)$$
:

CH<sub>3</sub> NHCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: White powder

Recrystallization solvent: Ethanol/diethyl ether/n-hexane

Melting Point: 191 - 193°C

Form: Free

Example 1177

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ R^1 \end{array}\right)$$

CH3 N O

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 262)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-C1

Crystalline form: Light yellow amorphous

NMR analysis: 263)

Form: Free

Example 1179

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 297)

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{re} \\
 & \text{C1} \\
 & \text{N}
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 298)

Form: Free

Example 1181

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$

Cl NHCH2CH=CH2

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>2</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 299)

Structure

$$\left( \left( \right) \right)$$

NHCH2CH=CH2 Cl

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 300)

Form: Free

Example 1183

Structure

Cl CH2CH=CH2

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 307)

Structure

$$\mathbb{R}^{1}$$
  $\mathbb{N}$  :

C1 CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>2</sup>: 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 308)

Form: Free

Example 1185

Structure

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{CH}_{3^0} \\
\text{N} \\
\text{R}^1
\end{array}$$

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>2</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 309)

Structure

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} W \\ N \end{array}\right)$$
:

CH30 NHCH3

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-C1

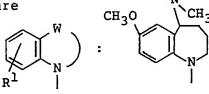
Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 310)

Form: Free

Example 1187

Structure



R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

R<sup>3</sup>: 4-NHCO-CH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 311)

Structure

R<sup>2</sup>: 2-OCH<sub>3</sub>

Crystalline form: Colorless amorphous

NMR analysis: 312)

- $^{1}$ H-NMR (DMSO- $^{d}$ 6; 1.4-2.1 (4H, m), 2.34 (3H, s), 238) 2.8-5.4 (4H, m), 7.09 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.15-7.7 (9H, m), 7.76 (1H, d, J=2.6 Hz), 10.41 (1H, s)<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  ; 1.5-2.2 (4H, m), 2.8-5.2 (4H, 239) m), 7.09 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 7.2-7.7 (9H, m), 7.76 (1H, d, J=2.6 Hz), 10.63 (1H, s) $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.65-2.2 (4H, m), 2.25-2.65 (6H, 240) m), 2.75-4.6 (4H, m), 6.8-8.15 (11H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.4-2.25 (4H, m), 2.25-2.55 (3H, 241) m), 2.7-4.8 (4H, m), 6.8-8.3 (11H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.4-2.1 (4H, m), 2.35-2.6 (3H, 242) m), 2.8-5.2 (7H, m), 6.8-8.05 (11H, m)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.4-2.15 (4H, m), 2.4-5.2 (7H, 243) m), 6.8-7.85 (10H, m), 7.9-8.3 (1H, m) 244)  $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.20-2.38 (11H, m), 2.98-5.10 (3H, m), 6.45-7.04 (2H, m), 7.05-7.86 (8H, m), 8.00-8.50 (1H, m) 245) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.05-2.78 (14H, m), 2.78-5.18 (2H, m), 6.36-7.03 (2H, m), 7.06-7.90 (8H, m), 7.98-8.39 (1H, m)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.75-2.54 (2H, m), 2.60-4.03 (4H, m), 3.37 (3H, brs), 5.17 (2H, s), 6.60-6.83 (3H, m), 6.90-7.07 (1H, m), 7.07-7.20 (1H, m), 7.22-7.50 (6H, m), 7.73-7.84 (1H, m)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.60-2.40 (2H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.65-3.06 (2H, m), 3.06-5.28 (2H, m), 3.35 (3H,

```
brs), 6.59-7.60 (9H, m), 7.67-7.88 (1H, m), 8.12 (1H, brs)
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- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.60-2.52 (2H, m), 2.64-5.32 (4H, m), 3.37 (3H, brs), 6.60-7.98 (10H, m), 8.50 (1H, brs)
- 249)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.18-3.15 (12H, m), 3.40-4.38 (5H, m), 6.58-7.75 (10H, m), 8.30-8.71 (1H, m)
- 250) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 0.26-0.71 (4H, m), 1.15-3.29 (10H, m), 3.40-4.95 (5H, m), 6.60-7.85 (10H, m), 8.18-8.68 (1H, m)
- 251) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 0.25-0.72 (4H, m), 1.16-2.35 (6H, m), 2.35-3.30 (4H, m), 3.43-4.98 (2H, m), 6.57-7.94 (10H, m), 8.22-8.89 (1H, m)
- 252) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 0.69-2.90 (9H, m), 2.90-5.10 (5H, m), 6.40-7.85 (10H, m), 8.25-8.54 (1H, m)
- 253)

  1H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 2.17 (2H, brs), 2.34 (3H, s),
  2.49 (3H, s), 2.87 (2H, t, J=6.0 Hz), 3.10-5.00
  (2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.67 (1H, d, J=8.0 Hz),
  6.85-6.88 (2H, m), 7.09 (1H, dd, J=1.5, 8.0 Hz),
  7.21-7.50 (4H, m), 7.64 (1H, d, J=1.9 Hz), 8.11
  (1H, m), 8.33 (1H, d, J=8.8 Hz)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.42-5.06 (13H, m), 6.51 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 6.76 (1H, m), 7.01-7.63 (10H, m), 8.53 (1H, m)
- 255)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.26-4.93 (16H, m), 6.69-7.73 (10H, m), 8.62-8.84 (1H, m)

 $1_{\text{H-NMR}}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.45-1.90 (2H, m), 1.90-2.33 256) (2H, m), 2.33-3.25 (4H, m), 3.60-3.93 (3H, m), 4.45-5.15 (2H, m), 6.40-8.25 (11H, m)  $l_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.49-1.97 (2H, m), 1.97-3.10 257) (3H, m), 3.58-3.98 (3H, m), 4.60-5.26 (2H, m), 6.44-8.36 (llH, m)  $l_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.82-2.13 (1H, m), 2.13-2.43 258) (1H, m), 2.50 (3H, s), 2.57 (3H, s), 3.69-4.06 (3H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 6.45-6.80 (2H, m), 6.85-7.00 (1H, m), 7.18-7.80 (9H, m)  $1_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.72-2.05 (1H, m), 2.11-2.40 259) (lH, m), 2.51 (3H, s), 2.57 (3H, s), 3.40-4.20 (3H, m), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.35-6.64 (1H, m), 6.79-6.96 (1H, m), 7.15-8.13 (9H, m)  $l_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.71-2.05 (1H, m), 2.07-2.32 260) (1H, m), 2.33 (6H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.50-3.80 (2H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.95-4.17 (1H, m), 6.40-6.70 (2H, m), 6.90-7.03 (1H, m), 7.14-7.77 (8H, m), 7.90-8.14 (1H, m)  $1_{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.76-2.70 (2H, m), 2.30 (6H, s), 261) 2.47 (3H, s), 3.23-4.40 (3H, m), 3.73 (3H, s), 6.30-6.65 (2H, m), 6.65-8.76 (9H, m)  $1_{H-NMR}$  (CDC1<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.68-2.35 (2H, m), 2.36-5.11 262) [13H, m, 2.45 (3H, s), 2.92 (6H, s)], 6.56 (1H, dd, J=3.1, 8.7 Hz), 6.78-7.06 (2H, m), 6.82 (1H, d,

J=8.7 Hz), 7.11-7.68 (6H, m), <math>7.97 (1H, brs)

- 263) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.69-2.30 (2H, m), 2.59-5.10 [10H, m, 2.92 (6H, s)], 6.56 (1H, dd, J=3.1, 8.8 Hz), 6.72-7.90 (9H, m), 8.42 (1H, brs)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.49 (1H, brs), 1.82-2.01 (1H, ..., m), 2.03-2.26 (1H, m), 2.46 (3H, s), 2.54 (3H, s), 3.67-3.76 (1H, m), 3.86 (2H, t, J=6.8 Hz), 6.67 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 6.93 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz), 7.13-7.43 (9H, m), 8.15 (1H, brs)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.58 (1H, brs), 1.86-2.03 (1H, m), 2.08-2.30 (1H, m), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.69-3.78 (1H, m), 3.91 (2H, t, J=6.5 Hz), 6.69 (1H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.94 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz), 7.33-7.47 (6H, m), 7.54-7.63 (2H, m), 7.67-7.77 (1H, m), 8.16 (1H, brs)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.50 (1H, brs), 1.76-2.23 (2H, m), 2.42 (3H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.55-3.94 (3H, m), 6.28-7.78 (10H, m), 8.91 (1H, brs)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.46 (1H, brs), 1.82-2.28 (2H, m), 2.50 (3H, s), 3.52-4.08 (3H, m), 6.34-7.75 (10H, m), 8.61 (1H, brs)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.80-2.31 (2H, m), 2.32 (3H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.51-3.82 (2H, m), 3.95-4.15 (1H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 6.90 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz), 7.16-7.61 (9H, m), 7.88 (1H, brs)
- 269)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.86-2.04 (1H, m), 2.13-2.31 (1H, m), 2.33 (3H, s), 3.53-3.62 (1H, m), 3.76 (1H,

276)

```
dt, J=12.8, 6.4 Hz), 6.60 (1H, d, J=8.7 Hz), 6.91
          (lH, dd, J=8.7, 2.5 Hz), 7.33-7.52 (6H, m), 7.54-
          7.66 (2H, m), 7.73-7.82 (1H, m), 8.07 (1H, brs)
          ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.65-2.27 (2H, m), 2.28 (6H, s),
270)
          2.48 (3H, s), 3.37-4.07 (3H, m), 6.33-7.91 (10H,
          m), 8.20 (1H, brs)
          1_{H-NMR} (CDC1<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.71-2.26 (2H, m), 2.28 (6H, s),
271)
          3.36-4.10 (3H, m), 6.35-7.95 (10H, m), 8.59 (1H,
          brs)
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDC1<sub>3</sub>) & ; 2.02-2.23 (2H, m), 2.28 (3H, s),
272)
          2.47 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.73-4.07 (3H, m), 4.68
          (lH, brs), 6.61 (lH, d, J=8.1 Hz), 6.72-6.83 (lH,
          m), 7.17-7.63 (11H, m), 8.03 (1H, brs)
          1_{\text{H-NMR}} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.61 (1H, brs), 1.87-2.25 (2H,
273)
          m), 2.29 (3H, s), 2.56 (3H, s), 3.67-3.78 (1H, m),
          3.91 (2H, t, J=6.9 Hz), 6.52-6.79 (2H, m), 7.09-
          7.15 (1H, m), 7.30-7.90 (8H, m), 8.23 (1H, brs)
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.58 (1H, brs), 1.82-2.23 (2H,
274)
          m), 2.27 (3H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 2.50 (3H, s), 3.47-
          4.05 (3H, m), 6.23-6.83 (2H, m), 7.00-7.50 (7H, m),
          7.53-7.74 (1H, m), 8.28 (1H, brs)
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.60 (1H, brs), 1.82-2.35 (5H,
275)
          m), 2.49 (3H, s), 3.41-4.08 (3H, m), 6.30-6.80 (1H,
          m), 6.98-7.68 (8H, m), 7.31-7.82 (1H, m), 8.77 (1H,
          brs)
```

 $^{\perp}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.76-2.03 (2H, m), 2.27 (3H, s),

2.32 (6H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.48-3.58 (1H, m), 3.66 (1H, dt, J=12.7, 6.1 Hz), 3.97-4.14 (1H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J=8.2 Hz), 6.65-6.77 (1H, m), 7.14-7.59 (9H, m), 7.96 (1H, brs)

- 277)

  <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.75-2.04 (2H, m), 2.27 (3H, s),
  2.33 (6H, s), 3.48-3.58 (1H, m), 3.67 (1H, dt,

  J=12.7, 6.1 Hz), 3.98-4.16 (1H, m), 6.48 (1H, d,

  J=8.2 Hz), 6.72 (1H, dd, J=8.2, 1.9 Hz), 7.16 (1H,

  d, J=1.9 Hz), 7.27-7.91 (8H, m), 8.31 (1H, brs)
- 278) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.72-2.05 (2H, m), 2.28 (9H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.16-4.34 (3H, m), 6.38-7.79 (10H, m), 8.37 (1H, brs)
- 279) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.65-2.07 (2H, m), 2.28 (9H, s), 3.26-4.38 (3H, m), 6.34-8.06 (10H, m), 8.53 (1H, brs)
- 280) Two stereoisomers: Both colorless amorphous  $\frac{\text{Isomer } A:}{\left[\alpha\right]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.04 (3H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 1.59 (1H, brs), 2.25-2.45 (1H, m), 2.49 (3H, s), 2.52 (3H, s), 3.53-3.69 (2H, m), 3.91 (1H, abq, J=7.2, 12.9 Hz), 6.60 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 6.93 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz), 7.18-7.60 (9H, m), 7.76 (1H, brs)

#### Isomer B:

 $[\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$ 

3,

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.06 (3H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 1.60 (1H, brs), 2.21-2.43 (1H, m), 2.47 (3H, s), 2.52 (3H, s), 3.51-3.66 (2H, m), 3.93 (1H, abq, J=7.5, 12.9 Hz), 6.60-6.68 (1H, m), 6.95 (1H, dt, J=7.5, 1.8 Hz), 7.03 (1H, dt, J=7.4, 1.4 Hz), 7.17-7.55 (8H, m), 7.81 (1H, brs)

281) Two stereoisomers: Both colorless amorphous

### Isomer A:

 $[\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$ 

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.04 (3H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 1.55 (1H, brs), 2.23-2.46 (1H, m), 2.53 (3H, s), 3.53-3.67 (2H, m), 3.91 (1H, abq, J=7.1, 12.9 Hz), 6.61 (1H, d, J=8.6 Hz), 6.93 (1H, dd, J=8.6, 2.5 Hz), 7.28-7.52 (6H, m), 7.54-7.65 (2H, m), 7.70-7.79 (1H, m), 8.16 (1H, brs)

#### Isomer B:

 $[\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$ 

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.06 (3H, d, J=6.9 Hz), 1.61 (1H, brs), 2.21-2.42 (1H, m), 2.51 (3H, s), 3.48-3.67 (2H, m), 3.90 (1H, abq, J=7.4, 12.9 Hz), 6.59-6.67 (1H, m), 6.94 (1H, dt, J=7.5, 1.9 Hz), 7.03 (1H, dt, J=7.4, 1.4 Hz), 7.23-7.75 (8H, m), 8.41 (1H, brs)

282) Two stereoisomers: Both colorless amorphous

Isomer A:

$$[\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ}$$
 (chloroform, c=1.0)

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 0.99 (3H, d, J=6.5 Hz), 1.37 (1H, brs), 2.16-2.40 (1H, m), 2.46 (3H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.38-3.96 (3H, m), 6.30-7.28 (10H, m), 8.26 (1H, brs)

### Isomer B:

$$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$$

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.03 (3H, d,J=6.7 Hz), 1.44 (1H, brs), 2.17-2.40 (1H, m), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.40-3.98 (3H, m), 6.47-7.73 (10H, m), 8.23 (1H, brs)

283) Two stereoisomers: Both colorless amorphous

# Isomer A:

$$[\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$$

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.00 (3H, d, J=6.6 Hz), 1.40 (1H, brs), 2.18-2.42 (1H, m), 2.47 (3H, s), 3.36-4.02 (3H, m), 6.32-7.78 (10H, m), 8.55 (1H, brs)

## Isomer B:

$$\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}$$

 $^{1}$ H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.03 (3H, d, J=6.5 Hz), 1.39 (1H, brs), 2.14-2.39 (1H, m), 2.45 (3H, s). 3.34-3.98 (3H, m), 6.53-7.98 (10H, m), 8.78 (1H, brs)

284) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.05-1.25 (3H, m), 1.25-2.80 (10H, m), 3.00-5.10 (3H, m), 6.75-8.40 (11H, m)

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1_{\text{H-NMR}} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.00-2.80 (12H, m), 3.00-5.10
285)
           (3H, m), 6.70-7.80 (10H, m), 8.30-8.80 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 0.95-2.80 (15H, m), 2.80-5.15
286)
           (3H, m), 6.70-7.05 (2H, m), 7.10-7.80 (10H, m),
           7.95-8.45 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 0.80-2.60 (16H, m), 2.60-5.05
287)
           (4H, m), 6.70-7.70 (10H, m), 7.85-8.40 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.30-2.60 (8H, m), 2.60-5.10
288)
           (3H, m), 6.60-7.95 (10H, m), 8.25-8.70 (1H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.27-4.91 (19H, m), 6.68-7.73
289)
           (10H, m), 8.40-8.71 (1H, m)
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.81-2.54 (6H, m), 2.15 (3H, s),
290)
           2.41 (3H, s), 2.46 (3H, s), 3.61-3.71 (3H, m),
           6.91-7.43 (10H, m), 8.60 (1H, s)
291)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.86-2.50 (3H, m), 2.28 (9H, s),
           2.49 (3H, s), 6.60-7.47 (10H, m), 7.75 (1H, m)
           ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.15-2.55 (13H, m), 2.55-5.10
292)
           (3H, m), 6.60-8.40 (11H, m)
           ^{\perp}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.15-2.45 (10H, m), 2.55-5.10
293)
           (3H, m), 6.60-7.80 (10H, m), 8.30-8.70 (1H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 1.10-2.60 (4H, m), 2.41 (6H, s),
294)
           2.49 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.60-5.20 (3H, m),
           6.50-6.80 (3H, m), 6.90-7.60 (6H, m), 8.13 (1H, s),
           8.30 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) & ; 1.15-2.50 (4H, m), 2.41 (6H, s),
295)
           2.60-5.20 (3H, m), 3.77 (3H, s), 6.50-7.50 (8H, m),
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- 7.65-7.80 (1H, m), 8.31 (1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 8.61 (1H, s)
- 296) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.55-3.13 (12H, m), 2.44 (3H, s), 4.60-5.14 (2H, m), 6.28 (1H, dd, J=2.5, 8.5 Hz), 6.48 (1H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 6.99 (1H, d, J=2.5 Hz), 7.07-7.58 (8H, m), 7.80 (1H, brs)
- 297) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.01-2.88, 3.22-4.41, 4.90-5.28 [total 18H, 1.17 (3H, t, J=7.2 Hz), 2.40 (3H, s), 3.77 (3H, s)], 6.55 (1H, d, J=8.1 Hz), 6.60-7.98 (8H, m), 8.23-8.75 (2H, m)
- 298) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.00-3.04, 3.24-4.45. 4.91-5.27 [total 21H, m, 1.17 (3H, t, J=7.0 Hz), 2.39 (3H, s), 2.50 (3H, s), 3.75 (3H, s)], 8.56 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.69 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.82-7.75 (7H, m), 8.05-8.49 (2H, m)
- 299) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ; 1.21-4.62, 4.90-5.43 (total 15H, m), 5.70-6.11 (lH, m), 6.35-7.90 (9H, m), 8.07-8.92 (2H, m)
- 301)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ ; 1.25-2.80 (14H, m), 3.00-5.10 (6H, m), 6.40-8.00 (11H, m)
- 302)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  ; 1.30-2.90 (11H, m), 3.00-5.10 (6H, m), 6.40-7.80 (10H, m), 8.00-8.35 (1H, m)
- 303)  $^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl_{3}) \delta$ ; 1.10-2.80 (16H, m), 2.85-5.15

```
(6H, m), 6.40-7.80 (11H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 1.10-2.80 (13H, m), 2.90-5.10
304)
           (6H, m), 6.40-7.85 (10H, m), 7.90-8.20 (1H, m)
           ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.27-5.28 (19H, m), 3.75 (3H,
305)
           s), 6.51 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz), 6.69-6.81 (2H, m),
           7.05-7.49 (6H, m), 8.14 (1H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J=8.4
           Hz)
306)
           Two stereoisomers: Both colorless amorphous
           Isomer A:
           [\alpha]_D^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}
          <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 0.78-1.02 (3H, m), 2.23-2.52
           (1H, m), 2.39 (6H, s), 2.48 (3H, s), 3.17-4.30 (3H,
           m), 6.85-7.84 (10H, m), 8.17 (1H, brs)
           Isomer B:
           [\alpha]_{D}^{22} = 0^{\circ} \text{ (chloroform, c=1.0)}
          <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta; 0.73-1.00 (3H, m), 2.17-2.52
           (1H, m), 2.39 (6H, s), 2.49 (3H, s), 3.15-4.33 (3H,
          m), 6.36-7.55 (8H, m), 7.58-7.83 (2H, m), 8.19 (1H,
          brs)
          ^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.25-4.44, 4.98-5.41 [total 17H,
307)
          m, 2.40 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s)], 5.72-6.13 (1H, m),
          6.56'(1H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 6.69 (1H, d, J=7.9 Hz),
          6.77-7.93 (7H, m), 8.32 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 8.49-
          8.95 (1H, m)
          ^{1}H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) \delta ; 1.23-5.42 (20H, m), 5.78-6.09
308)
```

(1H, m), 6.56 (1H, d, J=8.3 Hz), 6.61-7.82 (8H, m), 8.14 (1H, s), 8.30 (1H, d, J=8 Hz)

- 309) <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 6; 1.20-2.70 (11H, m), 2.80-4.90 (9H, m), 6.40-7.70 (10H, m), 8.30-8.70 (1H, m)
- 311)  ${}^{1}\text{H-NMR} (CDCl_{3}) \delta$ ; 1.20-2.75 (13H, m), 2.80-5.10 (9H, m), 6.40-8.00 (11H, m)
- <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ; 1.20-2.80 (10H, m), 2.90-5.10 (9H, m), 6.40-7.80 (10H, m), 8.00-8.40 (1H, m)

  Example 1189

By using di-p-toluoyl-L-tartaric acid monohydride or di-p-toluoyl-D-tartaric acid monohydride, the compound obtained in above Example 408 is optically resorbed to give the following compounds.

(+)-5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine hydrochloride White amorphous

$$[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = +234^{\circ} \text{ (methanol, c=0.2)}$$

Purity; more than 99 % ee, determined by HPLC using an optical acitive column

HPLC conditions;

Mobile phase; n-hexane : ethanol : diethylamine = 950 : 50 : 1

Flow rate; 1.0 ml/min.

Column; CHIRALCEL OD, 25 cm x 0.46 cm

(manufactured by Daicel Chemical Ind. Ltd.)

Concentration of sample; 0.1 % in methanol

Retention time; 34 minutes

 $^{1}\text{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $^{1}\text{d}_{6}$ )  $_{6}$ ; 0.85-1.20, 1.56-4.06, 4.94-5.21 (total 13H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 7.12-7.60 (8H, m), 7.62 (2H, d, J=8.4 Hz), 8.00 (1H, d, J=7.6 Hz), 10.43 (1H, s), 11.80 (1H, brs)

(-)-5-Dimethylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine hydrochloride White amorphous

 $[\alpha]_{D}^{25} = -23.1^{\circ} \text{ (methanol, c=0.2)}$ 

Purity; more than 99 % ee, determined by HPLC using an optical active column, and the conditions are the same as above except that the retention time is 40 minutes.

 $l_{H-NMR}$  (DMSO- $d_6$ ) & ; 0.83-1.19, 1.55-4.06, 4.94-5.20 (total 13H, m), 2.36 (3H, s), 6.80 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 7.12-7.60 (8H, m), 7.63 (2H, d, J=8.5 Hz), 8.00 (1H, d, J=7.8 Hz), 10.44 (1H, s), 11.74 (1H, brs)

## Pharmacological Test

Experiment 1: V<sub>1</sub> receptor binding assay

Using rat liver plasma membrane preparations prepared according to Ichihara's method [cf: Akira Ichihara, J. Bio. Chem., <u>258</u>, 9283 (1983)}, the plasma membrane (50000dpm,  $2x10^{-10}$  M) of [ $^{3}$ H}-Arg-vasopressin and a test compound (60  $\mu$ g,  $10^{-8}$ – $10^{-4}$  M) are incubated at 37°C for 10 minutes in 100 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH: 8.0, 250  $\mu$ l) containing 5 mM  ${\rm MgCl}_2$ , 1 mM EDTA and 0.1 % BSA. After incubation, the mixture is filtered three times using the glass filter (GF/F) so as to separate the membrane preparation combined with vasopressin and then washed with the buffer (5 ml). This glass filter is taken out and mixed with liquid scintillation cocktail. The amount of  $[^3H]$ vasopressin combined with the membrane is measured by liquid scintillation counter and the rate of the inhibitory effect of the test compound is estimated according to the following equation.

Rate of the inhibitory effect (%) =  $100 - \frac{c_1 - B_1}{c_0 - B_1} \times 100$ 

- $C^1$ : The amount of [ $^3$ H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane in the presence of the test compound (in prescribed amount).
- C<sup>0</sup>: The amount of [<sup>3</sup>H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane in the absence of the test compound.

 $B^1$ : The amount of [ $^3$ H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane in the presence of the excess amount of vasopressin ( $10^{-6}$  M).

The results are expressed as  $IC_{50}$  values, which is the concentration of the test compound required to achieve the inhibitory effect in the rate of 50 %.

The results are shown in the following Table 5.

Test compound

- 1. l-(4-Benzoylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 2. l-[4-(3-Chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline
- 3. l-[4-(3-Methoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline
- 4. 1-[4-(3-Cyanobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 5. 1-[4-(3-Aminobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline
- 6. 1-[4-(2,3-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline
- 7. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 8. 1-[4-(2-Trifluoromethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 9. 1-[4-(2-Nitrobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

- 10. 1-[4-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 11. 1-[4-(3,3-Dimethylbutyrylamino)benzoyl]1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 12. 1-[4-(2-Cyclohexylacetylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 13. l-[4-(2-Phenylacetylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 14. l-(4-Cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 15. l-(4-Cycloheptylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 16. l-(4-Cyclooctylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 17. 1-(4-Tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonylamino-benzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 18.  $1-[4-(\alpha-Naphthylcarbonylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-$ tetrahydroguinoline
- 19. 1-[4-(3-Thenoyl)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-quinoline
- 20. 1-[2-(β-Naphthylcarbonylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 21. l-[4-(4-Methoxyanilinocarbonyl)benzoyl]1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 22. l-[4-(2-Methylanilinocarbonyl)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

23. 1-[4-(3-Chloroanilinocarbonyl)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-	-
tetrahydroquinoline	
24. l-[4-(3,5-Dichloroanilinocarbonyl)benzoyl]-	
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline .	
25. l-(4-Cyclohexylaminocarbonylbenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-	
tetrahydroquinoline	
26. l-(4-Cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine	
27. l-(4-Benzoylaminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-	
lH-benzazepine	
28. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine	
29. 1-[4-(3-Methoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine	
30. l-[4-(3-Chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine	
31. 1-[4-(3-Cyanobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine	
32. l-[4-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-	
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine	
33. 1-[4-(2,3-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-	
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine	
34. l-(4-Cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-	•
1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine	

35. 1-(4-Benzoylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4,5,6-

hexahydrobenzazocine

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36. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-
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1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine

37. l-[4-(3-Methoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine

38. l-[4-(2,3-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine

39. l-[4-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine

40. l-(4-Cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,5-tntrahydro-4,1-benzoxazepine

41. l-[4-(3-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4,1-benzoxazepine

42. l-[4-(2,3-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4,1-benzoxazepine

43. l-[4-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4,1-benzoxazepine

44. 3-Methyl-1-(4-cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-

1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

45. 3-Methyl-1-(4-benzoylaminobenzoyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

46. 3-Methyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

47. 3-Methyl-l-[4-(3-methoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

48. 3-Methyl-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

	49.	3-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichiorobenzoyiamino)-	
benzoyl]-	1,2,	3,4-tetrahydroquinoline	
	50.	4-Methyl-1-(4-cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-	•
1,2,3,4-t	etra	hydroquinoxaline ·	
	51.	4-Methyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-	i
1,2,3,4-t	etra	hydroquinoxaline	
	52.	4-Methyl-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino)-	
benzoyl]-	-1,2,	3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline	
	53.	4-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-	
benzoyl]-	-1,2,	3,4-tetrahydroquinoxaline	
	54.	2-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-	
benzoyl]-	-1,2,	3,4-tetrahydroquinoline	
	55.	4-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-	
benzoyl]-	-1,2,	,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline	
	56.	1-[4-(2-Bromobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydı	co-li	H-benzazepine	
	57.	1-[4-(3-Nitrobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydı	ro-11	H-benzazepine	
	58.	<pre>1-[4-(3-Trifluoromethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-</pre>	
2,3,4,5-1	tetra	ahydro-lH-benzazepine	
	59.	1-[4-(3-Ethoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-	
tetrahydı	ro-li	H-benzazepine	
	60.	1-[4-(3,5-Dimethoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-	-
2,3,4,5-1	tetra	ahydro-lH-benzazepine	4
	61.	1-[4-(2-Chloro-4-nitrobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-	,
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- 62. 1-[4-(2,4-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 63. l-[4-(2-Chloro-6-fluorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 64. 1-[4-(2,6-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 65. l-[4-(2-Chloro-4-aminobenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 66. 1-[4-(2-Chloro-4-acetylaminobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 67. 1-[4-(3-Aminobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 68. 1-{4-[2-(4-Isopropylaminobutoxy)benzoylamino}-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine hydrochloride
- 69. 1-[4-(3-Hydroxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 70. l-{4-[2-(4-Aminobutoxy)benzoylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 71. 1-{4-{2-(2-Diethylaminoethoxy)benzoylamino}-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine hydrochloride
- 72. 1-{4-[2-(4-Acetylaminobutoxy)benzoylamino]-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 73. 1-{4-[2-(6-Phthalimidohexyloxy)benzoylamino]-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 74. 1-{4-[2-(6-Morpholinohexyloxy)benzoylamino]-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

- 75. 1-{4-[2-(6-[4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl]hexyloxy)-benzoylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine-dihydrochloride
- 76. l-(3-Methoxy-4-cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 77. 1-(3-methoxy-4-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 78. l-[3-Methyl-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoy]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 79. 4-Methyl-1-(4-cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrochloride
- 80. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrochloride
- 81. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrochloride
- 82. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrochloride
- 83. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(3-methoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine
- 84. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(3-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine
- 85. 4-Methyl-1-[4-(2,3,5-trichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine
  - 86. 4-Propyl-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine hydrochloride

87. 5-Methyl-l-(4-benzoylaminobenzoyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-l,5-benzodiazepine

88. 5-Methyl-1-(4-cyclohexylcarbonylaminobenzoyl)
-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,5-benzodiazepine

89. 5-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,5-benzodiazepine

90. 5-Methyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]
-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,5-benzodiazepine

91. 5-Methyl-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1,5-benzodiazepine

92. 4-Methyl-1-[3-methoxy-4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine

93. 3-(1-Pyrrolidinyl)-1-[4-(2,3-dimethylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

94. 6-Methyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

95. 6-Methoxy-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

96. 3-Hydroxymethyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

97. 4-Methylamino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

98. 3-Amino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

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99. 3-Acetylamino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-
benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
         100. 4-Dimethylamino-1-{4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-
amino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
         101. 1-[4-(2-t-Butylaminoacetylamino)benzoyl]-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydroquinoline-lH-benzazepine
         102. 1-{4-[2-(N-Cyclohexyl-N-ethyl)acetylamino]-
benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         103. 1-{4-[2-(1-Piperidinyl)acetylamino]benzoyl}-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         104. l-[4-(2-Phenoxyacetylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-
tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         105. 1-[4-(2-Phthalimidoacetylamino)benzoyl]-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         106. 1-\{4-[2-(1,1-Dimethyl-2-phenoxyethyl)amino-
acetylamino]benzoy1}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         107. 1-{4-[2-(3-Methylphenoxy)acetylamino]benzoyl}-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         108. 1-{4-[2-(3-Methoxyanilino)acetylamino]-
benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         109. 1-{4-[2-(β-Naphthyloxy)acetyamino]benzoyl}-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         110. 1-{4-[2-(4-Methylanilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
          111. 1-\{4-[2-(3-Methoxyphenoxy)acetylamino]-
benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
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112. 1-[4-(4-Pyridylcarbonylaminobenzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
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113. 1-{4-[2-(2,4-Dimethylanilino)acetylamino]-

benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

114. 1-{4-[2-(N-Ethylanilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

115. 1-{4-[2-(N-Allylanilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

116. 1-{4-[2-(2-Chloroanilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

117. 1-{4-[2-(4-Acetyloxybutoxy)benzoylamino]-

benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

118. 1-[4-(2-Carboxymethoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

119. 1-[4-(2-Carbamoylmethoxybenzoylamino)benzoyl]-

2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

120. l-{4-[2-(4-Hydroxybutoxy)benzoylamino]-

benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

121. l-[4-(2-Ethoxycarbonylmethoxybenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

122. 6-Fluoro-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

123. 6-Fluoro-1-{4-[di-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl)amino]-

benzoyl}-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

124. l-[4-(2-Diethylaminocarbonylmethoxybenzoyl-

amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

125. 1-{4-[2-(2-[(N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methyl-amino]ethoxy)benzoylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzoazepine hydrochloride

126. l-[4-(2-Methylanilinocarbonylamino)benzoyl]-.
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

127. 1-[4-(2-Chlorophenylsulfonylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

128. 1-{4-[2-(4-Aminomethylanilino)acetylamino]-benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

129. 1-{4-[2-(N-Phenyl-N-(3-acetylaminopropyl)-amino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

130. l-{4-[2-(N-Phenyl-N-propargylamino)acetyl-amino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

131. 4-(N-Methyl-N-ethylamino)-1-[4-(3,5-dichloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

132. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

133. 4-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

134. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

135. l-[4-(2,3-Dimethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-4-ethyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine

136. l-[4-(3,5-Dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-4-isopropyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine

137. 1-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-5-methyl-

- 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydro-1,5-benzodiazocine
- 138. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-5,1-benzoxazepine
- 139. 5-0xo-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 140. 4-Methyl-1-[2-chloro-4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine
- 141. 5-Methylamino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 142. 5-(N-Acetyl-N-methylamino)-1-[4-(3,5-dichloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 143.5-Hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 144. 4-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2,3-dimethyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 145. 4-Dimethylaminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 146. 4-Dimethylaminomethyl-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline
- 147. 5-Methoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 148. 4-Methyl-1-[3-methyl-4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine
- 149. 5-Methoxy-1-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
  - 150. 4-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 151. 4-Acetyloxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 152. 5-Hydroxyimino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoy1]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 153. 5-Acetyloxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzovl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 154. 5-Ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 155. 4-Allylamino-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 156. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2,3,5trichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine 157. 4-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-3,4dihydro-2H-1,4-benzothiazine 158. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 159. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylanilinocarbonyl)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 160. 5-Ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 161. 5-(4-dimethylaminobutoxy)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

162. 5-Carboxymethoxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-

amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

- 163. 5-Dimethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 164. 5-Carbamoylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 165. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[3-ethoxy-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 166. 5-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepine
- 167. 5-Amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 168. 5-Dimethylamino-1-{3-hydroxy-4-{2-methyl-benzoylamino}benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 169. 5-n-Propylamino-l-[4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 170. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-benzyloxy-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 171. 5-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1,5-benzothiazepin-l-oxide
- 172. 5-[3-(Phthalimid-l-yl)-propoxy]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 173. 5-(3-Aminopropoxy)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 174. 5-(3-Acetylaminopropoxy)-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

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175. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-t-butyl-
 benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
          176. 5-Methylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-chlorobenzov1-
 amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
          177. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methoxy-4-(2-chloro-
benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
          178. 5-Hydroxy-1-[4-(3,5-dichlorobenzoylamino)-
benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         179. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-
benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         180. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-
benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
         181. 5-Methylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-
benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         182. 5-Methylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-
amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         183. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methoxy-4-(2-methyl-
benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         184. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-chloro-
benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         185. 5-Methylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-
amino)benzoyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
         186. 5-Cyclopropylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2,4-
dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-
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187. 5-Dimethylaminocarbonyloxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-

- benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

  188. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[4-(2-trifluoromethylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

  189. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[3-(2-chlorobenzoyloxy)-4-.
  (2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-
- 190. 5-(N-Methyl-N-Allylamino)-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 191. 5-Carbamoyloxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 192. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4,l-benzothiazepine
- 193. 4-Oxo-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 194. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,5-tetrahydro-4,1-benzothiazepine-1,1-dioxide
- 195. 5-Methylaminocarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 196. 5-Methylaminocarbonyloxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahyro-lH-benzazepine
- 197. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-dimethylamino-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 198. 5-Methylamino-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-trifluoro-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-

199. 5-Cycloropropylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

200. 5-Cyclopropylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

201. 5-Allylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

202. 5-(1-Piperidinyl)-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

203. 5-(4-Benzyl-1-piperazinyl)-1-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

204. 5-(1-Pyrrolidinyl)-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

205. 5-(4-Acetyl-1-piperazinyl)-1-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

206. 5-(4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl)-1-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

207. 1-[4-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3-dihydro-lH-benzazepine

208. 5-Methyl-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

209. 5-Methylidene-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

210. 5-Hydroxy-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

- 211. 5-(1-Morpholino)-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 212. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-fluorobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 213. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2,4-difluorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 214. 4-Hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 215. 5-Hydroxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 216. 5-Dimethylamino-4-hydroxy-l-[4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 217. 1-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1,2-dihydroguinoline
- 218. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine (the compound of Example 979)
- 219. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 220. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 221. 5-Methylamino-1-{2-chloro-4-[2-(N-ethyl-anilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 222. 5-Hydroxy-1-{2-chloro-4-[2-(N-ethylanilino)-acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

  223. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-fluoro-4-(2-chloro-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

224. 5-Methylamino-4-hydroxy-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-

chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-

benzazepine · hydrochloride

225. 5-Hydroxymethyl-5-hydroxy-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-

methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-

benzazepine

226. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[2-fluoro-4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

227. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methyl-4-(2,4-dichloro-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

228. 5-(N-Methyl-N-ethylamino)-1-{4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

229. 5-Ethylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

230. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3,5-difluorobenzoyl-

amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

231. 5-Acetyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

232. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-fluoro-4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

233. 4,4-Dimethoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

234. 5-Acetyloxyimino-l-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

235. 5-Methylsulfonyloxymethyl-1-[4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

236. 5,5-Epoxy-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]
2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

237. 5-Hydroxymethyl-5-hydroxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

238. 5-Hydroxy-1-[2-methoxy-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

239. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-carbamoylmethoxy-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

240. 5-Hydroxy-6-methyl-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

241. 5-(2-Dimethylaminoethyl)amino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

242. 5-Hydroxymethyl-5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

243. 5-Methylaminomethyl-5-hydroxy-l-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

244. 5-Aminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyíamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

245. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(3-methoxy-2-hydroxypropyl)-amino]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-lH-benzazepine

246. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(3-diethylamino-2-hydroxy-propyl)amino]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

247. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 248. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2,4-dichlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 249. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine · hydrochloride 250. 5-Azidomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 251. 7-[4-(2-Chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-1-methyl-1,2,3,4a,5,6,7,11b-octahydro-3-oxo[1]benzazepino[4,5-b]-[1,4]oxazine 252. 5-Benzylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 253. 5-Amino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine 254. 5-Dimethylamino-4-methyl-1-[4-(2methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine 255. 5-Acetylaminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine 256. 5-Hydroxy-4-methyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine 257. 5-[2-(2-Pyridyl)ethylamino]-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

258. 5-(N-Methyl-N-methanesulfonylamino)-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-

- 259. 5-(N-Methyl-N-benozylamino)-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 260. 5-Ethoxycarbonylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl- amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 261. 5-Methyl-5-hydroxy-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 262. 5-(N-Methyl-N-ethoxycarbonylmethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 263. 5-Cyclopentylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 264. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)amino]-l[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine
- 265. 5-(N-Methyl-N-cyanomethylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 266. 5-(N-Methyl-N-carbamoylmethylamino)-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 267. 5-{N-Methyl-N-[3-(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yloxy)propyl]amino}-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 268. 5-Dimethylaminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

- 269. 5-Formylaminomethyl-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 270. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(3-acetyloxypropyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 271. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 272. Potassium {1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepin-5-yl}imino-o-sulfonate
- 273. 5-Dimethylamino-1-(4-benzoylaminobenzoyl)2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 274. 5-(1-Benzyl-4-piperidinyl)amino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 275. 5-(2-Dimethylaminoacetyloxy)-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 276. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3-methoxybenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 277. 5-[(4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonylmethoxy]-1[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine
- 278. 5-Morpholinocarbonylmethoxy-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 279. 5-Thiomorpholinocarbonylmethoxy-1-{4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-

- 280. 5-Anilinocarbonylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 281. 5-(1-Oxothiomorpholino)carbonylmethoxy-1-[4-. (2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 282. 5-Hydrazino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 283. 5-Methylaminocarbonylamino-1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 284.  $5-[(2-\alpha-Carbamoyl-1-pyrrolidinyl)carbonyl-methoxy]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine$
- 285...5-(Carbamoylmethylaminocarbonylmethoxy)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 286. 5-(1,1-Dioxothiomorpholino)carbonylmethoxy-1[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine
- 287. 7-Chloro-5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 288. 5-[(4-Acetyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonylmethoxy]-1[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1Hbenzazepine
- 289. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3-nitrobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

- 290. 5-[(4-Pyridyl)methylaminocarbonylmethoxy]-l[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine
- 291. 5-[2-(Methylamino)acetylamino]-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 292. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3-aminobenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 293. 5-{[N-Methyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]carbonyl-methoxy}-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetra-hydro-lH-benzazepine
- 294. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[3-(2-diethylaminoethoxy)-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine
- 295. 5-[N-Methyl-N-(dimethylaminocarbonylmethyl)-amino]-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
- 296. Potassium 2-[N-methyl-N-{1-[4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepin-5-yl}amine]acetate
- 297. 5-{N-Methyl-N-[2-(1-imidazolyl)acetyl]amino}1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine
- 298. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-dimethylaminobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine
  - 299. 5-[(2-Aminoacetyl)amino]-1-[4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

300. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3-acetylaminobenzoyl-

amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

301. 5-(2-t-Butoxycarbonylaminoacetylamino)-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

302. 5-Methylamino-7-chloro-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

303. 5-Dimethylamino-7-chloro-1-[4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

304. 5-Dimethylamino-7-chloro-1-[4-(2-chloro-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine.

305. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(phenylacetylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

306. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(3-phenylpropionylamino)-

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

307. 5-Methylamino-7-chloro-1-{4-[(N-ethylanilino)-acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

308. 5-Dimethylamino-7-chloro-1-{4-[(N-ethyl-anilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

309. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[4-(2-bromobenzoylamino) $\dot{-}$ 

benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

310. 5-Cyclopropylamino-7-chloro-1-[4-(2-methyl-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

311. 5-Cyclopropylamino-7-chloro-1-[4-(2-chloro-

benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

312. 5-hydroxy-1-{4-[2-(4-isopropylaminobutoxy)-benzoylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

313. 5-Dimethylaminocarbonylmethoxy-1-{4-[(N-ethyl-anilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

314. 5-(N-Methyl-N-ethylamino)-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

315. 5-Dimethylamino-1-{4-((2-chloroanilino)acetyl-amino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

316. 5-Dimethylamino-1-{4-((2-methylanilino)acetyl-amino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

317. 5-Dimethylamino-l-{4-[(N-methyl-2-methyl-anilino)acetylamino]benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

318. 5-Methylamino-9-chloro-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

319. 5-Dimethylamino-l-[4-(phenoxyacetylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine

320. 6-Methylamino-l-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-1,2,3,4,5,6-hexahydrobenzazocine

321. 5-Methylamino-7-chloro-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

322. 5-Cyclopropylamino-7-chloro-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-

chlorobenzoylamino)benzoyl}-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lHbenzazepine

323. 5-Methylamino-7-chloro-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine

Table 10

Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	
Comp.	1050	Comp.		
No.	(MM)	No.	(µM)	
26	0.071	78	0.10	
27	0.095	88	0.34	
28	0.056	90	0.38	
29	0.15	114	0.011	
30	0.15	115	0.012	
32	0.30	116	0.04	
33	0.092	117	0.22	
36	0.41	119	0.049	
46	0.40	120	0.29	
56	0.025	121	0.45	
57	0.46	124	0.15	
58	0.40	125	0.091	
59	0.31	130	0.023	
60	0.18	143	0.15	
62	0.098	147	0.28	
63	0.14	161	0.14	
64	0.069	163	0.22	
67	0.34	164	0.15	
68	0.013	172	0.26	
69	0.066	173	0.15	
70	0.041	174	0.14	
71	0.18	187	0.45	
72	0.12	188	0.47	
74	0.10	192	0.054	
75	0.069	193	0.17	
76	0.042	195	0.17	
77	0.085	196	0.40	

Test Comp.	<sup>IC</sup> 50	Test Comp.	1C <sub>50</sub>
No.	( M M )	No.	( µ M )
207	0.16	284	0.29
208	0.11	285	0.18
209	0.074	286	0.40
214	0.27	287	0.064
215	0.13	288	0.26
222	0.096	290	0.21
231	0.16	293	0.19
235	0.088	298	0.29
236	0.16	302	0.071
238	0.39	303	0.19
244	0.23	304	0.21
250	0.19	307	0.024
252	0.36	308	0.11
255	0.046	309	0.43
256	0.049	310	0.065
266	0.29	311	0.078
269	0.48	312	0.056
274	0.11	313	0.032
275	0.18	315	0.38
277	0.23	316	0.47
278	0.30	321	0.059
279	0.15	322	0.044
280	0.47	323	0.064
281	0.18		

## Pharmacological Test

Experiment 2 : V<sub>2</sub> receptor binding assay

Using rat kidney plasma membrane preparations prepared according to 0. Hechter's method [cf: J. Bio. Chem., 253, 3211 (1978)], the plasma membrane (100000dpm,  $4\times10^{-10}$  M) of [ $^3$ H]-Arg-vasopressin and a test compound (0.6 mg,  $10^{-10}$  –  $10^{-5}$  M) are incubated at 4°C for 3 hours in 100 mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH: 8.0, 250 µl) containing 5 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM EDTA and 0.1 % BSA. After incubation, the mixture is filtered using the glass filter (GF/F) so as to separate the membrane preparation combined with vasopressin and then washed twice with the buffer (5 ml). This glass filter is taken out and mixed with liquid scintillation cocktail. The amount of [ $^3$ H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane is measured by liquid scintillation counter and the rate of the inhibitory effect of the test compound is estimated according to the following equation.

Rate of the inhibitory effect (%) = 100 -  $\frac{c_1 - B_1}{c_0 - B_1}$  X 100

- C<sup>1</sup>: The amount of [<sup>3</sup>H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane in the presence of the test compound (in prescribed amount).
- C<sup>0</sup>: The amount of [<sup>3</sup>H]-vasopressin combined with the membrane in the absence of the test compound.
- $B^1$ : The amount of [ $^3H$ ]-vasopressin combined

with the membrane in the presence of the excess amount of vasopressin ( $10^{-6}$  M).

The results are expressed as  ${\rm IC}_{50}$  values, which is the concentration of the test compound required to achieve the inhibitory effect in the rate of 50 %.

The results are shown in the following Table 6.

Table 11

		•		
Test	1C <sub>50</sub>	Test Comp.	IC <sub>50</sub>	
Comp. No.	(µM)	No.	(µM)	
1	0.98	28	0.018	
2	0.20	29	0.069	
3	0.40	30	0.029	
4	0.58	31	0.098	
5	1.2	32	0.016	
6	0.076	33	0.007	
7	0.20	34	0.049	•
. 8	0.32	35	0.20	
9	0.53	36	0.028	
10	0.082	37	0.16	
11	1.05	38	0.029	
12	1.97	39	0.071	
13	1.02	40	0.33	
14	0.23	41	0.20	
15	0.13	42	0.063	
16	0.17	43	0.17	
17	0.23	44	0.050	
18	1.0	45	0.19	
19	1.7	46	0.018	
20	1.4	47	0.20	
21	1	48	0.021	
22	0.33	49	0.063	
23	1.07	50	1.3	
24	1.09	51	0.40	
25	1.67	52	0.32	
26	0.025	53	1.6	
27	0.070	54	0.11	

Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	
Comp.	(μM)	Comp. No.	(μM)	
No.	(µM)			
55	0.091	86	0.58	
56	0.037	87	0.046	
57	0.16	88	0.021	
58	0.14	89	0.035	
59	0.24	90	0.014	
60	0.15	91	0.005	
61	0.090	92	0.41	
62	0.023	93	0.52	
63	0.046	94	0.095	
64	0.007	95	0.089	
65	0.081	96	0.039	
66	0.45	97	0.024	
67	0.050	98	0.45	
68	0.19	99	1.6	
69	0.12	100	0.011	
70	0.012	101	0.60	
71	0.085	102	0.29	
72	0.16	103	0.54	
74	0.51	104	0.37	
75	0.30	105	0.72	
76	0.017	106	0.44	
77	0.090	107	0.032	
78	0.084	108	0.12	
79	0.53	109	0.49	
80	0.070	110	0.044	
81	0.15	111	0.087	
82	0.17	112	0.29	
83	0.73	113	0.28	
84	0.11	114	0.006	
85	0.068	115	0.006	

Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	Test Comp.	IC <sub>50</sub>	
Comp. No.	(µM)	No.	(µM)	
116	0.039	146	0.056	
117	0.24	147	0.009	
118	0.55	148	0.34	
119	0.059	149	0.004	
120	0.28	150	0.14	
121	0.18	151	0.18	
122	0.10	152	0.039	
123	0.10	153	0.063	
124	0.13	154	0.063	
125	0.28	155	0.028	
126	0.062	156	0.15	
127	0.99	157	0.38	
128	0.23	158	0.018	
129	0.29	159	0.020	
130	0.007	160	0.020	
131	0.027	161	0.009	
132	0.013	162	0.059	
133	0.022	163	0.009	
134	0.048	164	0.010	
135	0.081	165	0.098	
136	0.18	166	0.070	
137	0.41	167	0.032	
138	0.11	168	0.083	
139	0.10	169	0.071	
140	0.024	170	0.25	
141	0.010	171	0.87	
142	0.008	172	0.023	
143	0.008	173	0.008	
144	0.02	174	0.007	
145	0.06	175	0.038	

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Test Comp.	IC <sub>50</sub>	Test	IC <sub>50</sub>
No.	(µM)	Comp. No.	(μ <b>M</b> )
176	0.004	206	0.088
177	0.15	207	0.045
178	0.012	208	0.007
179	0.040	209	0.004
180	0.034	210	0.004
181	0.038	211	0.12
182	0.005	212	0.035
183	0.26	213	0.033
184	0.023	214	0.058
185	0.005	215	0.006
186	0.030	216	0.91
187	0.029	217	0.37
188	0.039	218	0.022
189	0.087	219	0.023
190	0.082	220	0.026
191	0.009	221	0.024
192	0.011	222	0.010
193	0.036	223	0.022
194	0.21	224	0.38
195	0.010	225	0.030
196	0.013	226	0.019
197	0.99	227	0.029
198	0.040	228	0.029
199	0.019	229	0.029
200	0.024	230	0.020
201	0.023	231	0.007
202	0.14	232	0.020
203	0.070	233	0.15
204	0.11	234	0.14
205	0.074	235	0.006

Test	ic <sub>50</sub>	Test	IC <sub>50</sub>	
Comp. No.	(µM)	Comp. No.	(µM)	
236	0.006	267	0.12	
237	0.041	268	0.018	
238	0.020	269	0.003	
239	0.17	270	0.046	
240	0.022	271	0.030	
241	0.006	272	0.40	
242	0.17	273	0.027	
243	0.40	274	0.024	
244	0.018	275	0.018	
245	0.059	276	0.032	
246	0.027	277	0.016	
247	0.048	278	0.013	
248	0.060	279	0.008	
250	0.12	280	0.045	
251	0.094	281	0.011	
252	0.063	282	0.38	
253	0.052	283	0.096	
254	0.016	284	0.019	
255	0.005	285	0.008	
256	0.004	286	0.019	
257	0.045	287	0.007	
258	0.20	288	0.015	
259	0.25	289	0.071	
260	0.13	290	0.021	
261	0.011	291	0.13	
262	0.029	292	0.18	
263	0.053	293	0.065	
264	0.030	294	0.33	
265	0.025	295	0.026	
266	0.013	296	0.25	

Test Comp.	IC <sub>50</sub>	Test Comp.	1C <sub>50</sub>	
No.	(µM)	No.	(Mu)	
297	0.051	311	0.013	<del></del>
298	0.10	312	0.29	
299	0.22	313	0.012	
300	0.48	314	0.096	
301	0.14	315	0.025	
302	0.011	316	0.060	
303	0.025	317	0.072	
304	0.024	318	0.060	
305	0.038	319	0.058	
306	0.077	320	0.039	•
307	0.010	321	0.012	
308	0.023	322	0.025	
309	0.015	323	0.014	
310	0.008			

Experiment 3: Anti-antidiuretic activity (effect on endogenous ADH)

A test compound or solvent (dimethylformamide) is administered into a caudal vein of untreated, unrestrained SD rats (male, weight: 300 - 350 g) and the amount of urine, which is spontaneously excreted for a period of 2 hours thereafter, is collected and measured by using a metabolic gauge. During this measurement, the rats are allowed to take water and feed freely.

The amount of urine of control rats (solvent-treated group) is regarded as 100 %, and the results are expressed as ED<sub>3</sub> value, which is the dose of the test compound to be required to excrete the urine by three times than that of the control rats. The results are shown in the following Table 7.

Table 12

Test compound No.	ED <sub>3</sub> (mg/kg)	
6	10	
33	1.9	
178	4.2	
249	0.4 *)	

<sup>\*):</sup> Physicological saline solution was used as a solvent instead of dimethylformamide.

What is claimed is:

 A benzoheterocyclic compound of the following formula:

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $C=0$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  is hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a lower alkyl, an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkoxy,

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a lower alkoxy, a phenyl(lower)alkoxy, hydroxy, a lower alkyl, an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkoxy, an amino-substituted lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a benzoyloxy which has optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring,

 ${\mathbb R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-{\mathbb N}_{\mathbb R^5}^{4}$  or a group of the formula:  $-{\mathbb C}-{\mathbb N}_{\mathbb R^{12}}^{12}$ 

 ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^4$  is hydrogen atom, a benzoyl which has optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring, or a lower alkyl,

 $R^5$  is a group of the formula:  $-CO \longrightarrow (R^{16})_m$  [wherein  $R^{16}$  is a halogen atom; a lower alkyl which has

optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and hydroxy; hydroxy; a lower alkoxy; a lower alkanoyloxy; a lower alkylthio; a lower alkanoyl; carboxy; a lower alkoxycarbonyl; cyano; nitro; an amino which has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl; phenyl; a cycloalkyl; a lower alkanoyloxysubstituted lower alkoxy; a carboxy-substituted lower alkoxy; a halogen-substituted lower alkoxy; a carbamoylsubstituted lower alkoxy; a hydroxy-substituted lower alkoxy; a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkoxy; a phthalimido-substituted lower alkoxy; an aminocarbonyl-lower alkoxy having a lower alkyl substituent; or a group of the formula: -0-A-N (A is a lower alkylene, and  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a lower alkanoyl, or benzoyl, or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocyclic group has optionally a substituent selected from piperidinyl and a lower alkyl); and m is an integer of 0 to 3], a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyllower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower

alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substi-

tuents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxy-carbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxy-lower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula: -CO-\( N-R^8 \) (wherein R^8 is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:

-CO-B-(CO)<sub>n</sub>-N R<sup>9</sup> (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyl-lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxy-lower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together

with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being
intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a
lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl),

R<sup>11</sup> is hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl,

R<sup>12</sup> is a cycloalkyl, or a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkoxy, a lower alkyl and a halogen atom,

W is a group of the formula:  $-(CH_2)_p$ - (p is an integer of 3 to 5), or a group of the formula:  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_q$ - (q is an integer of 1 to 3), the carbon atom of these groups:  $-(CH_2)_p$ - and  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_q$ - being optionally replaced by oxygen atom, sulfur atom, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, or a group of

<sub>R</sub>13

the formula: -N- ( $R^{13}$  is hydrogen atom, a cycloalkyl, or a lower alkyl), and further said  $-(CH_2)_p$ — and  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_q$ — groups having optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, hydroxy, oxo, a lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl sulfonyloxy-lower alkyl, an azido-lower alkyl, a group of the formula: N0, an aminocarbonyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a lower alkoxy, a lower alkoxycarbonyl—

substituted lower alkoxy, a carboxy-substituted lower alkoxy, an aminocarbonyl-lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, an amino-lower alkoxy having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkoxy, hydroxyimino, a lower alkanoyloxy-imino, a lower alkylidene, a halogen atom, azido, sulfoxyimino, a group of the formula:

R<sup>81</sup>-N-CH<sub>2</sub>COO- (R<sup>81</sup> is hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl),

hydrazino, pyrrolyl, an amino-lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a group of the

formula: -O-A-CO-N R83 (A is as defined above, and R<sup>82</sup> and R<sup>83</sup> are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkyl, a hydroxy-substituted lower alkyl, or a pyridyl-lower alkyl, or R<sup>82</sup> and R<sup>83</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom wherein the heterocyclic group has optionally a substituent selected from oxo, a lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, and carbamoyl), and a group of the formula:

 $R^{14}$  -(CO) $_{n}^{-N}$  (wherein n is as defined above, and  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$ 

are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl, an oxiranyl-substituted lower alkyl, a lower

alkyl having 1 to 2 substituents selected from a lower alkoxy, hydroxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a phenyl-lower alkyl, a pyridyl-lower alkyl, a lower alkylsulfonyl, benzoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, anilinocarbonyl, an aminocarbonyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a cyano-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkyl, a carbamoylsubstituted lower alkyl, a carboxy-substituted lower alkyl, a tetrahydropyranyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a piperidinyl having optionally a phenyl-lower alkyl substituent on the piperidinyl ring, a halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, an imidazolyl-substituted lower alkanoyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkoxycarbonyl, an aminocarbonyllower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, or R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen, wherein the heterocyclic group may optionally have a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkyl or a lower alkanoyl),

and a salt thereof.

- 2. The compound according to claim 1, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  in the formula (1) is hydrogen atom, or a salt thereof.
  - 3. The compound according to claim 1, wherein R1

in the formula (1) is a halogen atom, and a salt thereof.

- 4. The compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> in the formula (1) is a lower alkyl, an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkoxy, and a salt thereof.
- 5. The compound according to claim 2, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen atom, and a salt thereof.
- 6. The compound according to claim 2, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is a halogen atom, a lower alkoxy, or a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 7. The compound according to claim 2, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxy; hydroxy; an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkoxy; an amino-substituted lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; or a benzoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring thereof, and a salt thereof.
- 8. The compound according to claim 3, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen atom, and a salt thereof.
- 9. The compound according to claim 3, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is a halogen atom, a lower alkoxy, or a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- is a phenyl-lower alkoxy; hydroxy; an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkoxy; an amino-substituted lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; or a benzoyloxy

having optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring thereof, and a salt thereof.

- 11. The compound according to claim 4, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is hydrogen atom, and a salt thereof.
- 12. The compound according to claim 4, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is a halogen atom, a lower alkoxy, or a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- is a phenyl-lower alkoxy; hydroxy; an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkoxy; an amino-substituted lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent; or a benzoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring thereof, and a salt thereof.
- 14. The compound according to claim 5, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-N\mathbb{R}^4\mathbb{R}^5$  ( $\mathbb{R}^4$  and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 15. The compound according to claim 5, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-NR}^{11}\mathbb{R}^{12}$  ( $\mathbb{R}^{11}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 16. The compound according to claim 6, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-N\mathbb{R}^4\mathbb{R}^5$  ( $\mathbb{R}^4$  and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 17. The compound according to claim 6, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-NR}^{11}\mathbb{R}^{12}$  ( $\mathbb{R}^{11}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
  - 18. The compound according to claim 8, wherein R3

is a group of the formula:  $-NR^4R^5$  ( $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.

- 19. The compound according to claim 8, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-NR}^{11}\mathbb{R}^{12}$  ( $\mathbb{R}^{11}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 20. The compound according to claim 9, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-N\mathbb{R}^4\mathbb{R}^5$  ( $\mathbb{R}^4$  and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 21. The compound according to claim 9, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-NR}^{11}\mathbb{R}^{12}$  ( $\mathbb{R}^{11}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 22. The compound according to claim 14, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- $-CO \xrightarrow{(R^{16})_m}$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 23. The compound according to claim 14, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanyl-carbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxy-lower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogen-

substituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $-CO-\sqrt{N-R^8}$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_n-N_{pl0}^{R^9}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R9 and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent

selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and

piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 24. The compound according to claim 14, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 25. The compound according to claim 16, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- $-co \sim (R^{16})_m$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 26. The compound according to claim 16, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$ is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $-CO-(N-R^8)$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl

on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_{n}-N_{n+10}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R9 and  $R^{10}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

27. The compound according to claim 16, whrein  ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}}^4$ is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.

28. The compound according to claim 7, wherein  $R^4$ is hydrogen atom, and  ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}}^5$  is a group of the formula:

 $-CO \xrightarrow{(R^{16})_m}$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.

The compound according to claim 7, wherein  $R^4$ is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanyl- . carbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $^{\prime}$  N-R $^{8}$  (wherein R $^{8}$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_n-N_{n10}^{R^9}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3

substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 30. The compound according to claim 7, whrein  ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 31. The compound according to claim 18, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- $(\text{wherein } R^{16})_{m}$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 32. The compound according to claim 18, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanyl-carbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower

alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $-CO - N-R^8$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_n-N_{n10}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or  $R^9$  and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with

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or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 33. The compound according to claim 18, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 34. The compound according to claim 20, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- $-CO \longrightarrow (R^{16})_m$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 35. The compound according to claim 20, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$ is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanovl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenovl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $-CO - \sqrt{N-R^8}$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which

has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_{n}-N_{>_{D}10}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}}^9$  and  ${\ensuremath{\mathtt{R}}}^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or  $R^9$  and  ${\tt R}^{10}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom

36. The compound according to claim 20, whrein  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.

wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent

selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and

piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

37. The compound according to claim 10, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:

 $-CO-(R^{16})_m$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.

The compound according to claim 10, wherein R4 is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $^{\sim}$ N-R $^{8}$  (wherein R $^{8}$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_n-N_{p10}^{R^9}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or

is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having

optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 39. The compound according to claim 10, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 40. The compound according to claim 11, wherein  ${\bf R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  ${\bf R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- $-CO \xrightarrow{(R^{16})_m}$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.
- 41. The compound according to claim 11, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanyl-carbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl,

thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula: -CO- $\sqrt{N-R^8}$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-B-(CO)}_n - N_{-10}^{-8}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a

lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted

lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower

alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower

alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or  $\mathbb{R}^9$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{10}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 42. The compound according to claim 11, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 43. The compound according to claim 12, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^5$  is a group of the formula:

-CO (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim 1), and a salt thereof.

44. The compound according to claim 12, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen atom and R<sup>5</sup> is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanyl-carbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxy-lower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:

phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-\text{CO-B-(CO)}_n - \text{N}_{\text{R}^{10}}^{\text{R}^9}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $\text{R}^9$  and  $\text{R}^{10}$  are the same or

different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R9 and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

45. The compound according to claim 12, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$ 

is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.

- 46. The compound according to claim 13, wherein  ${\bf R}^4$  is hydrogen atom, and  ${\bf R}^5$  is a group of the formula:
- -CO- $(R^{16})_m$  (wherein  $R^{16}$  and m are as defined in claim '1), and a salt thereof.
- The compound according to claim 13, wherein R4 is hydrogen atom and  $R^5$  is a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a lower alkanoyl, a phenyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl-lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkylcarbonyl, tricyclo[3.3.1.1]decanylcarbonyl, naphthylcarbonyl, pyridylcarbonyl, furoyl, thenoyl, a phenoxy-lower alkanoyl which phenyl ring has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkanoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-lower alkanoyl, a carboxylower alkanoyl, a naphthyloxy-lower alkanoyl, a halogensubstituted lower alkanoyl, a group of the formula:  $-CO-\sqrt{N-R^8}$  (wherein  $R^8$  is hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, a carbamoyl-lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a lower alkanoyl), an anilinocarbonyl which has optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, phenoxycarbonyl, a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, quinolylsulfonyl, or a group of the formula:  $-CO-B-(CO)_n-N_{n=0}^{R^9}$  (wherein B is a lower alkylene, n

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is an integer of 0 or 1, and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a cycloalkyl, a phenyllower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkenyl, a phenoxylower alkyl, a phenyl which has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxy and a halogen atom, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkyl, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkanoyl substituent, a lower alkynyl, or an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen atom wherein the heterocylic group has optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarboyl and piperidinyl), and a salt thereof.

- 48. The compound according to claim 13, whrein  $\mathbb{R}^4$  is a lower alkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 49. The compound according to claim 22, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{16}$  is a halogen atom, or a lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and hydroxy, and a salt thereof.
- 50. The compound according to claim 25, wherein  $R^{16}$  is a halogen atom, or a lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and hydroxy, and a salt thereof.

- 51. The compound according to claim 31, wherein  $R^{16}$  is a halogen atom, or a lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and hydroxy, and a salt thereof.
- 52. The compound according to claim 34, wherein  $R^{16}$  is a halogen atom, or a lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and hydroxy, and a salt thereof.
- 53. The compound according to claim 1, wherein W is a group of the formula:  $-(CH_2)_p$  wherein p is an integer of 3 to 5, and the carbon atom of said group is optionally replaced by oxygen atom, sulfur atom, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, or

a group of the formula: -N- (R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen atom, a cycloalkyl, or a lower alkyl), and further said -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>- group has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, hydroxy, oxo, a lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl sulfonyloxy-lower alkyl, an azido-lower alkyl, a group of the formula: O, an amino-carbonyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a lower alkoxy, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkoxy, a carboxy-substituted lower alkoxy, an amino-carbonyl-lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl

substituent, an amino-lower alkoxy having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkoxy, hydroxyimino, a lower alkanoyloxy-imino, a lower alkylidene, a halogen atom, azido, sulfoxyimino, a group of the formula:

R<sup>81</sup>-N-CH<sub>2</sub>COO- (R<sup>81</sup> is hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl),

hydrazino, pyrrolyl, an amino-lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a group of the

formula: -O-A-CO-N (A is as defined above, and  $R^{82}$  and  $R^{83}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkyl, a hydroxy-substituted lower alkyl, or a pyridyl-lower alkyl, or  $R^{82}$  and  $R^{83}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom wherein the heterocyclic group has optionally a substituent selected from oxo, a lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, and carbamoyl), and a group of the formula:

-(CO) $_{\rm n}$ -N $_{\rm R}^{\rm 14}$  (wherein n is as defined above, and R $^{\rm 14}$  and R $^{\rm 15}$ 

are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl, an oxiranyl-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl having 1 to 2 substituents selected from a lower alkoxy, hydroxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a phenyl-lower alkyl, a pyridyl-lower alkyl, a

lower alkylsulfonyl, benzoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, anilinocarbonyl, an aminocarbonyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a cyano-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkyl, a carbamoylsubstituted lower alkyl, a carboxy-substituted lower alkyl, a tetrahydropyranyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a piperidinyl having optionally a phenyl-lower alkyl substituent on the piperidinyl ring, a halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, an imidazolyl-substituted lower alkanoyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkoxycarbonyl, an aminocarbonyllower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, or  ${\tt R}^{14}$  and  ${\tt R}^{15}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen, wherein the heterocyclic group may optionally have a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkyl or a lower alkanoyl), and a salt thereof.

54. The compound according to claim 1, wherein W is a group of the formula:  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_q$ — wherein q is an integer of 1 to 3, and the carbon atom of said group is optionally replaced by oxygen atom, sulfur atom, sulfinyl,

sulfonyl, or a group of the formula: -N- ( $R^{13}$  is hydrogen atom, a cycloalkyl, or a lower alkyl), and further said

-CH=CH-(CH $_2$ ) $_{\alpha}$ - group has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, hydroxy, oxo, a lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl sulfonyloxy-lower alkyl, an azido-lower alkyl, a group of the formula: 0, an aminocarbonyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a lower alkoxy, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkoxy, a carboxy-substituted lower alkoxy, an aminocarbonyl-lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, an amino-lower alkoxy having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkoxy, hydroxyimino, a lower alkanoyloxy-imino, a lower alkylidene, a halogen atom, azido, sulfoxyimino, a group of the formula:  $R^{81}$ -N-CH<sub>2</sub>COO- ( $R^{81}$  is hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl), hydrazino, pyrrolyl, an amino-lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a group of the formula: -O-A-CO-N  $_{\rm n83}^{\rm R82}$  (A is as defined above, and  $\rm R^{82}$  and  ${\tt R}^{83}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkyl, a hydroxysubstituted lower alkyl, or a pyridyl-lower alkyl, or R82 and  $\mathbb{R}^{83}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they

bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom wherein the heterocyclic group has optionally a substituent selected from oxo, a lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, and carbamoyl), and a group of the formula:

 $-(CO)_n-N_{R^{15}}^{R^{14}}$  (wherein n is as defined above, and  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$ 

are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl, an oxiranyl-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl having 1 to 2 substituents selected from a lower alkoxy, hydroxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a phenyl-lower alkyl, a pyridyl-lower alkyl, a lower alkylsulfonyl, benzoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, anilinocarbonyl, an aminocarbonyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a cyano-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkyl, a carbamoylsubstituted lower alkyl, a carboxy-substituted lower alkyl, a tetrahydropyranyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a piperidinyl having optionally a phenyl-lower alkyl substituent on the piperidinyl ring, a halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, an imidazolyl-substituted lower alkanoyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkoxycarbonyl, an aminocarbonyllower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, or  $\mathbb{R}^{14}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{15}$  may bind

together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without
being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen, wherein the
heterocyclic group may optionally have a substituent
selected from a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkyl or a lower
alkanoyl), and a salt thereof.

The compound according to claim 53, wherein W is a group of the formula:  $-(CH_2)_p$ - (p is an integer of 3 to 5) and said  $-(CH_2)_p$ - group has optionally 1 to 3 substituents selected from a lower alkyl having optionally a hydroxy substituent, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, hydroxy, oxo, a lower alkanoyloxy having optionally a halogen substituent, an amino-lower alkyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a lower alkanoyloxysubstituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl sulfonyloxy-lower alkyl, an azido-lower alkyl, a group of the formula: 0, an aminocarbonyloxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a lower alkoxy, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkoxy, a carboxy-substituted lower alkoxy, an aminocarbonyl-lower alkoxy having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, an aminolower alkoxy having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkanoyl, a phthalimido-substituted lower alkoxy, hydroxyimino, a lower alkanoyloxy-imino, a lower alkylidene, a halogen atom, azido, sulfoxyimino, a group of the formula:  $R^{81}$ -N-CH<sub>2</sub>COO- ( $R^{81}$  is hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl), hydrazino, pyrrolyl, an amino-lower alkanoyloxy having

optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a group of the formula: -O-A-CO-N  $^{\rm R^{82}}_{\rm n83}$  (A is as defined above, and R $^{\rm 82}$  and R $^{\rm 83}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkyl, a hydroxy-substituted lower alkyl, or a pyridyl-lower alkyl, or  $R^{82}$  and  $R^{83}$  may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom wherein the heterocyclic group has optionally a substituent selected from oxo, a lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyl, and carbamoyl), and a group of the formula:  $-(CO)_{n} - N_{D15}$  (wherein n is as defined above, and  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{14}}$  and  $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{15}}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkanoyl, a cycloalkyl, an oxiranyl-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkyl having 1 to 2 substituents selected from a lower alkoxy, hydroxy and an amino having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a phenyl-lower alkyl, a pyridyl-lower alkyl, a lower alkylsulfonyl, benzoyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl, anilinocarbonyl, an aminocarbonyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, a cyano-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkoxycarbonyl-substituted lower alkyl, a carbamoyl-substituted lower alkyl, a carboxy-substituted lower alkyl, a tetrahydropyranyloxy-substituted lower alkyl, a lower alkanoyloxysubstituted lower alkyl, a piperidinyl having optionally a phenyl-lower alkyl substituent on the piperidinyl ring, a

halogen-substituted lower alkanoyl, an imidazolyl-substituted lower alkanoyl, an amino-lower alkanoyl having optionally a substituent selected from a lower alkyl and a lower alkoxy-carbonyl, an aminocarbonyl-lower alkyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, or a phenyl-lower alkoxycarbonyl, or R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>15</sup> may bind together with nitrogen atom to which they bond to form a 5- or 6-membered saturated heterocyclic group with or without being intervened with nitrogen or oxygen, wherein the heterocyclic group may optionally have a substituent selected from a lower alkyl, a phenyl-lower alkyl or a lower alkanoyl), and a salt thereof.

56. The compound according to claim 53, wherein the carbon atom of the group of the formula:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is replaced by oxygen atom, sulfur atom, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, or a group of

the formula: -N- ( $\mathbb{R}^{13}$  is hydrogen atom, a cycloalkyl, or a lower alkyl), and a salt thereof.

- 57. The compound according to claim 55, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 3 and the group has no substituent, and a salt thereof.
- 58. The compound according to claim 55, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 3 and the group has a substituent of a group of the formula:  $-(CO)_n$   $-N_{R^{15}}^{R^{14}}$  (wherein  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ , and n is as defined above), and a salt thereof.
- 59. The compound according to claim 55, wherein p in  $^{\circ}$  the group:  $-(CH_2)_p-$  is 4 and the group has no substituent, and

a salt thereof.

- 60. The compound according to claim 55, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 4 and the group has a substituent of a group of the formula:  $-(CO)_n$  -N  $R^{14}$  (wherein  $R^{14}$ ,  $R^{15}$ , and n is as defined above), and a salt thereof.
- 61. The compound according to claim 55, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 5, and a salt thereof.
- 62. The compound according to claim 56, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 3 and the carbon atom of this group is

replaced by a group of the formula: -N- (wherein  $R^{13}$  is as defined above), and a salt thereof.

63. The compound according to claim 56, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 4 and the carbon atom of this group is

replaced by a group of the formula: -N- (wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{13}$  is as defined above), and a salt thereof.

64. The compound according to claim 56, wherein p in the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is 5 and the carbon atom of this group is

replaced by a group of the formula: -N- (wherein  $R^{13}$  is as defined above), and a salt thereof.

- 65. The compound according to claim 56, wherein the carbon atom of the group:  $-(CH_2)_p$  is replaced by oxygen atom, sulfur atom, sulfinyl, or sulfonyl, and a salt thereof.
  - 66. The compound according to claim 54, wherein q in

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the group:  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_q$  is 1, and a salt thereof.

- 67. The compound according to claim 54, wherein q in the group:  $-CH=CH-(CH_2)_Q$  is 2, and a salt thereof.
- 68. The compound according to claim 54, wherein q in , the group:  $-CH=CH=(CH_2)_q$  is 3, and a salt thereof.
- 69. The compound according to claim 58 or 60, wherein n in the substituent:  $-(CO)_n N_{R^{15}}^{R^{14}}$  is 0, and  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{15}$  are the same or different and are each hydrogen atom, a lower alkyl, or a cycloalkyl, and a salt thereof.
- 70. The compound according to claim 63 wherein the heterocyclic group of the formula: W is 2,3,4,5-

tetrahydro-1H-1,4-benzodiazepine, and a salt thereof.

71. The compound according to claim 67 wherein the heterocyclic group of the formula: (W) is 2,3-dihydro-

1H-benzazepine, and a salt thereof.

- 72. l-[4-(2-Methylbenzoylamino)benzoyl]-4-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-1,4-benzodiazepine.
- 73. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoylamino)-benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 74. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 75. 5-Methylamino-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine.

- 76. 5-Cyclopropylamino-l-[2-chloro-4-(2-methyl-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-lH-benzazepine.
- 77. 5-Cyclopropylamino-1-[2-chloro-4-(2-chloro-benzoylamino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 78. 5-Dimethylamino-1-[2-methyl-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 79. 4-Dimethylamino-1-[3-methoxy-4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline.
- 80. 7-Chloro-5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-methylbenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 81. 7-Chloro-5-methylamino-1-[4-(2-chlorobenzoyl-amino)benzoyl]-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzazepine.
- 82. A vasopressin antagonistic composition which comprises as an active ingredient a compound of the formula (1) as set forth in claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 83. A process for preparing a compound of the formula (1) as set forth in claim 1, which comprises the following steps of
  - (a) reacting a compound of the formula (2):

$$R^1 \longrightarrow W$$
 $N$ 
 $H$ 

wherein  $R^1$  and W are the same as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (3):

$$R^2$$
 R<sup>3</sup> (3)

wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are the same as defined in claim 1, to give a compound of the formula (1),

(b) reacting a compound of the formula (2b):

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^4$  and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (4):

$$R^{5a}OH$$
 (4)

wherein R<sup>5a</sup> is the same as R<sup>5</sup> as defined in claim 1 except excluding an anilinocarbonyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent on the phenyl ring, a phenylsulfonyl having optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring and quinolylsulfonyl to give a compound of the formula (lb):

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^4$  and W are as defined in claim 1, and  $\mathbb{R}^{5a}$  is as defined above,

(c) reacting a compound of the formula (5):

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $COOH$ 
 $(5)$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (6):

$$HN_{R^{12}}^{R^{11}} \tag{6}$$

wherein  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$  are as defined in claim 1, to give a of the formula (lc):

$$\begin{array}{c}
\mathbb{R}^{1} \\
\mathbb{R}^{2} \\
\mathbb{R}^{1} \\
\mathbb{R}^{2} \\
\mathbb{R}^{11} \\
\mathbb{R}^{12}
\end{array}$$
(1c)

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^{11}$ ,  $R^{12}$  and W are as defined in claim 1, (d) reacting a compound of the formula (7):

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^5$  and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (8) or (9):

 $R^{4a}X$  (8)  $R^{17}COR^{18}$  (9)

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{4a}$  is a lower alkyl, X is a halogen atom, and  $\mathbb{R}^{17}$  and  $\mathbb{R}^{18}$  are each hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl, to give a compound of the formula (ld):

$$R^1$$
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^4a$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^5$  and W are as defined in claim 1, and  $\mathbb{R}^{4a}$  is as defined above,

(e) reacting a compound of the formula (10):

$$R^{1}$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $CO-N$ 
 $R^{12}$ 
 $(10)$ 

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^{12}$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (11) or (9):

$$R^{11a}X$$
 (11) o  $R^{17}COR^{18}$  (9)

wherein  $R^{11a}$  is a lower alkyl, and X,  $R^{17}$  and  $R^{18}$  are as defined above, to give a compound of the formula (1e):

$$R^{1}$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^{1}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $CO-N$ 
 $R^{12}$ 
 $(1e)$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^{12}$  and W are as defined in claim 1, and  $\mathbb{R}^{11}$  is as defined above,

(f) Reacting a compound of the formula (12):

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^{11}$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $CO-N$ 
 $H$ 
 $R^{11}$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^{11}$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (13):

$$R^{12a}X \qquad (13)$$

wherein  $R^{12a}$  is a cycloalkyl and X is as defined above, to give a compound of the formula (lf):

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^{11}$ 
 $CO-N$ 
 $R^{12}a$ 

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^{11}$ , and W are as defined above, and  $R^{12a}$  is as defined above,

(g) reacting a compound of the formula (2b):

$$R^1$$
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $N-R^4$ 
 $H$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (38):

$$R^{46}N=C=O$$
 (38)

wherein  $R^{46}$  is a phenyl having optionally a lower alkyl substituent, to give a compound of the formula (lcc):

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, and  $\mathbb{R}^{46}$  is as defined above,

(h) reacting a compound of the formula (2b):

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $NH-R^4$ 
 $(2b)$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (39):

$$R^{47}X$$
 (39)

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{47}$  is a phenylsulfonyl which has optionally a substituent selected from a halogen atom and a lower alkyl on the phenyl ring, or quinolylsulfonyl, and X is as defined

above, to give a compound of the formula (1dd):

$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $N-R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 

wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, and  $\mathbb{R}^{47}$  is as defined above, or

(i) reacting a compound of the formula (7):

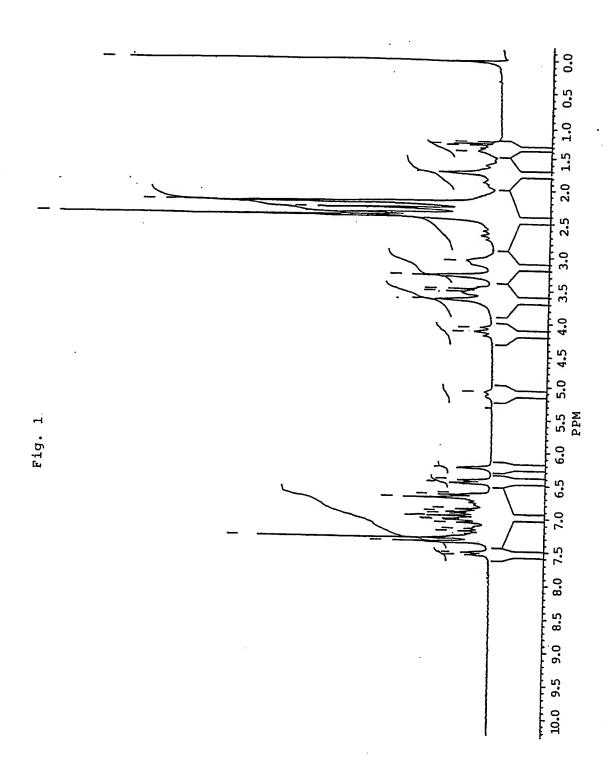
wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ,  $\mathbb{R}^5$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, with a compound of the formula (42):

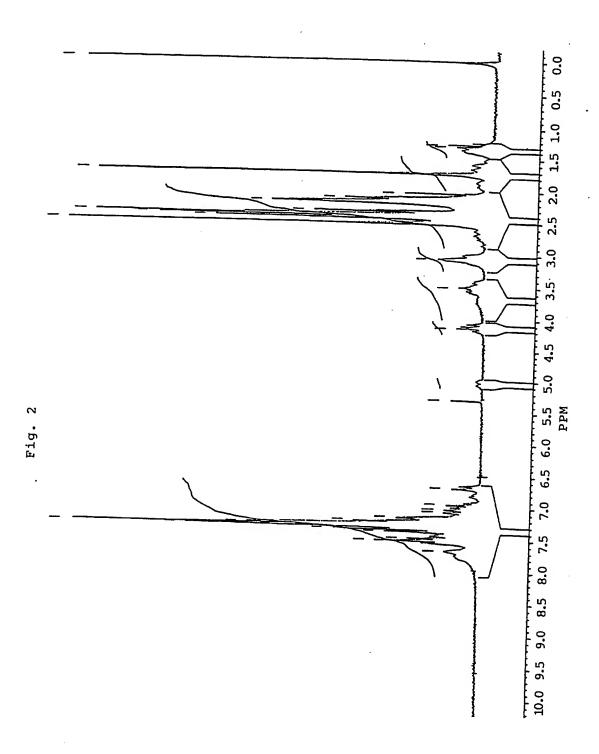
$$R^{50}OH$$
 (42)

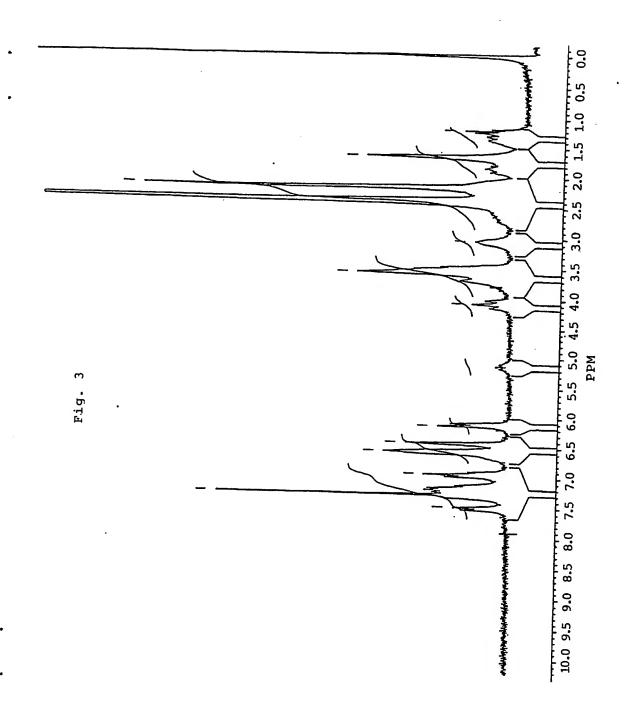
wherein  $\mathbb{R}^{50}$  is a benzoyl having optionally a halogen substituent on the phenyl ring, to give a compound of the formula (lhh):

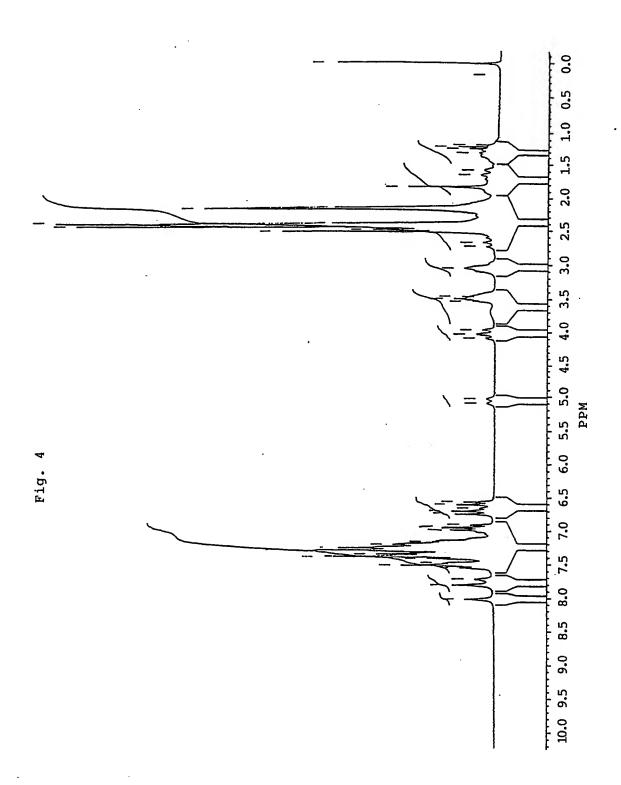
$$R^1$$
 $N$ 
 $CO$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $N-R^{50}$ 
 $R^5$ 

wherein  ${\bf R}^1$ ,  ${\bf R}^2$ ,  ${\bf R}^5$ , and W are as defined in claim 1, and  ${\bf R}^{50}$  is as defined above.









## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No PCT/JP 90/01340

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II. FIELD	S SEARCH							
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V.X OBSERVATIONS WHERE CERTAIN CLAIMS WERE FOUN	pincompletely	searcha	hle
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1. Claim numbers because they relate to subject matter not re	equired to be searched by this	Authority, name	wing reasons:
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VI. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION IS LACE	(INC )		
This international Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this int	ernational application as follow	<b>18</b> ;	
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1. As all required additional search feet were timely hald by the applican			
<ol> <li>As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applican of the international application.</li> </ol>	i, this international search repo	rt covers all me	archable claims
2. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid	by the applicant, this internation	onal search rep	ort covers only
those claims of the international application for which fees were paid	specifically claims:	·	
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3. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant.	Consequently, this internations	search report	is restricted to
the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claim num	bers:		
4. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an	Additional fee, the Internation	ei Sanreblee A	others all a
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Remark on Protest			
The additional search fees were accompanied by applicant's protest.			



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